



Interfaces – an Intro

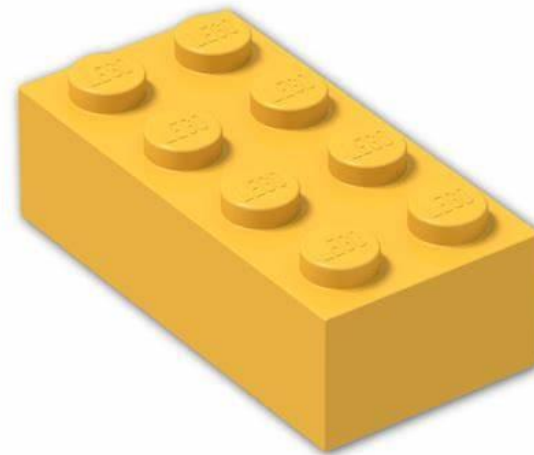


Componentization



Componentization

Define a component



Componentization

Describe the purpose



Componentization

Facilitates Clear Architecture and Interactions



Componentization

Replace a component
(decoupling)



Componentization

Switch implementation



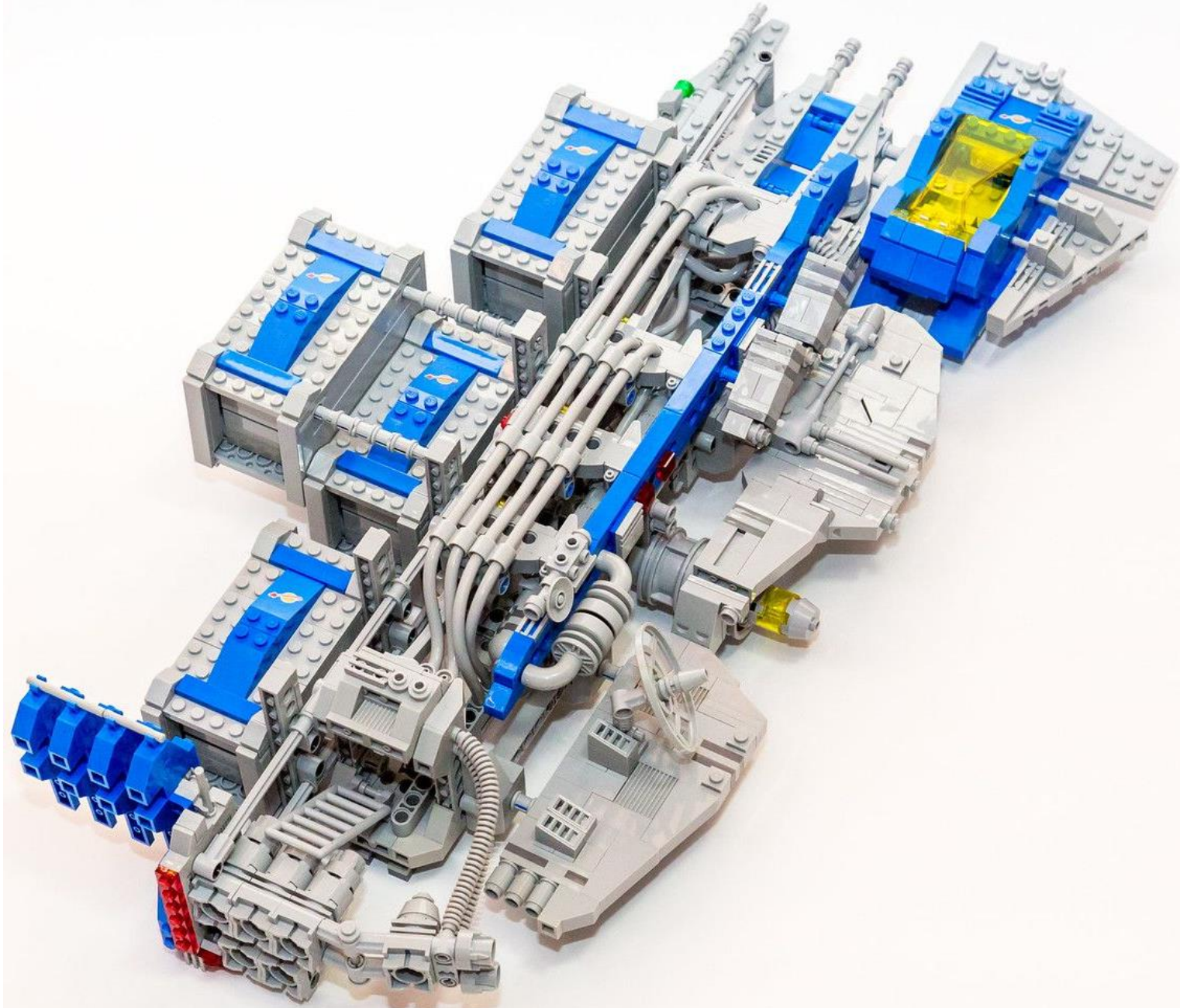
Componentization

Allow Override of Default
Code



Componentization

Extend a Component



Componentization

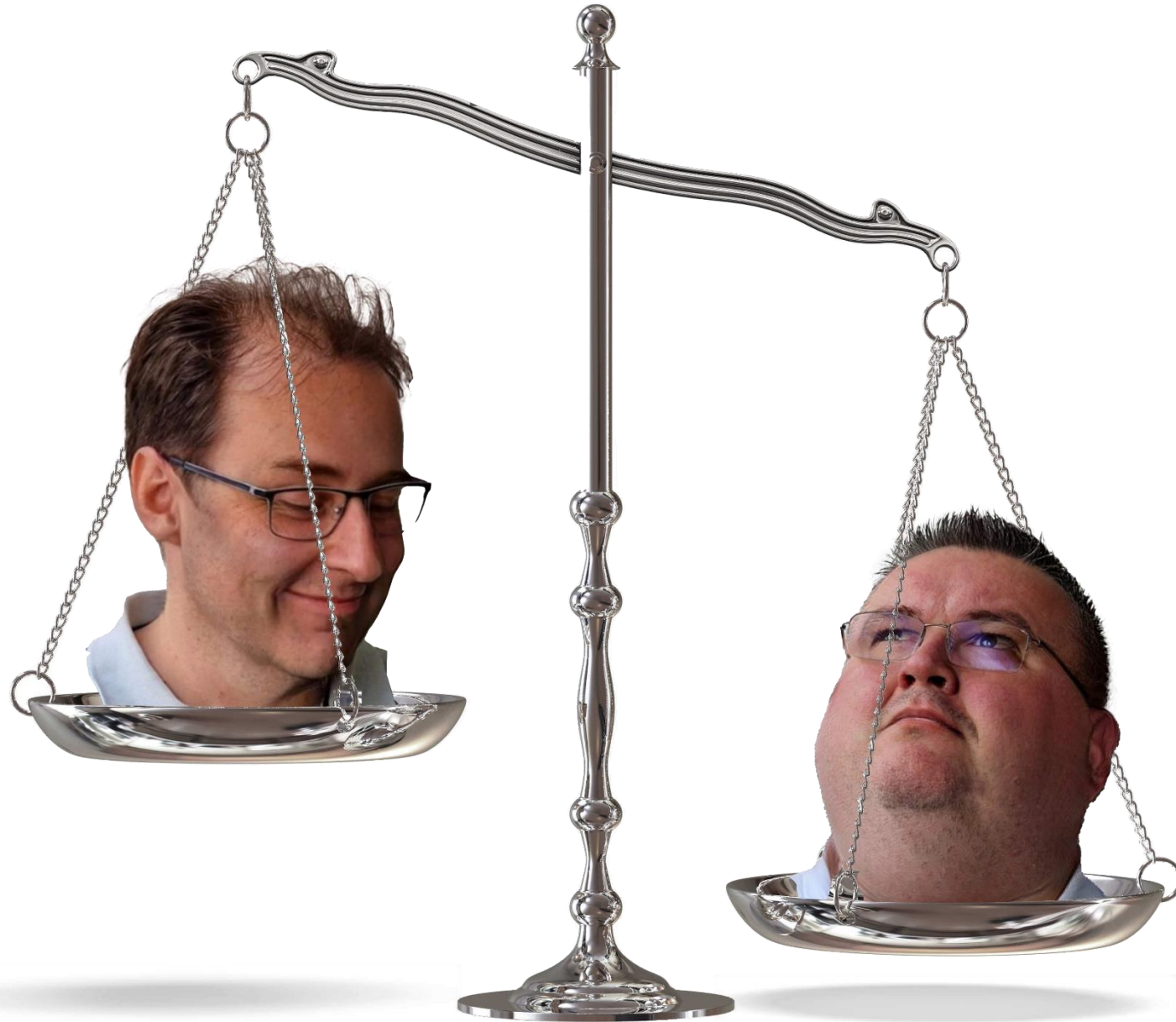
Test a Component



For example...







What is an Interface?

“In programming languages, an interface is a construct that defines a **contract** or a **set of methods** that a class must implement. It specifies the **signature** (name, parameters, return types) of the methods without providing their actual implementation.”

```
interface "IScale"  
{  
    1 reference  
    procedure GetWeight(): Decimal;  
    0 references  
    procedure Tare();  
    2 references  
    procedure Getinfo(): Text;  
}
```



Interface Implementations



```
codeunit 50404 "Scale Foo" implements IScale
{
    0 references
    procedure GetWeight(): Decimal;
    begin
        Randomize();
        Exit(Random(30));
    end;

    0 references
    procedure Tare();
    begin
        //TODO: Implement Tare
    end;

    0 references
    procedure Getinfo(): Text;
    begin
        exit('Info: Scale "Foo"');
    end;
}
```

```
codeunit 50405 "Scale Tefal" implements IScale
{
    0 references
    procedure GetWeight(): Decimal;
    begin
        Randomize();
        Exit(Random(30) + 20);
    end;

    0 references
    procedure Tare();
    begin
        //TODO: Implement Tare
    end;

    0 references
    procedure Getinfo(): Text;
    begin
        exit('Info: Scale "Tefal"');
    end;
}
```



Factory

“an object that the client code can use to obtain instances of these objects, without explicitly knowing the concrete class being instantiated.”

```
enum 50400 "Scales" implements IScale
{
    Extensible = true;

    0 references
    value(1; Tefal)
    {
        Caption = 'Tefal';
        Implementation = IScale = "Scale Tefal";
    }

    0 references
    value(2; Foo)
    {
        Caption = 'Foo';
        Implementation = IScale = "Scale Foo";
    }
}
```



Factory

“an object that the client code can use to obtain instances of these objects, without explicitly knowing the concrete class being instantiated.”

```
enum 50400 "Scales" implements IScale
{
    Extensible = true;

    0 references
    value(1; Tefal)
    {
        Caption = 'Tefal';
        Implementation = IScale = "Scale Tefal";
    }

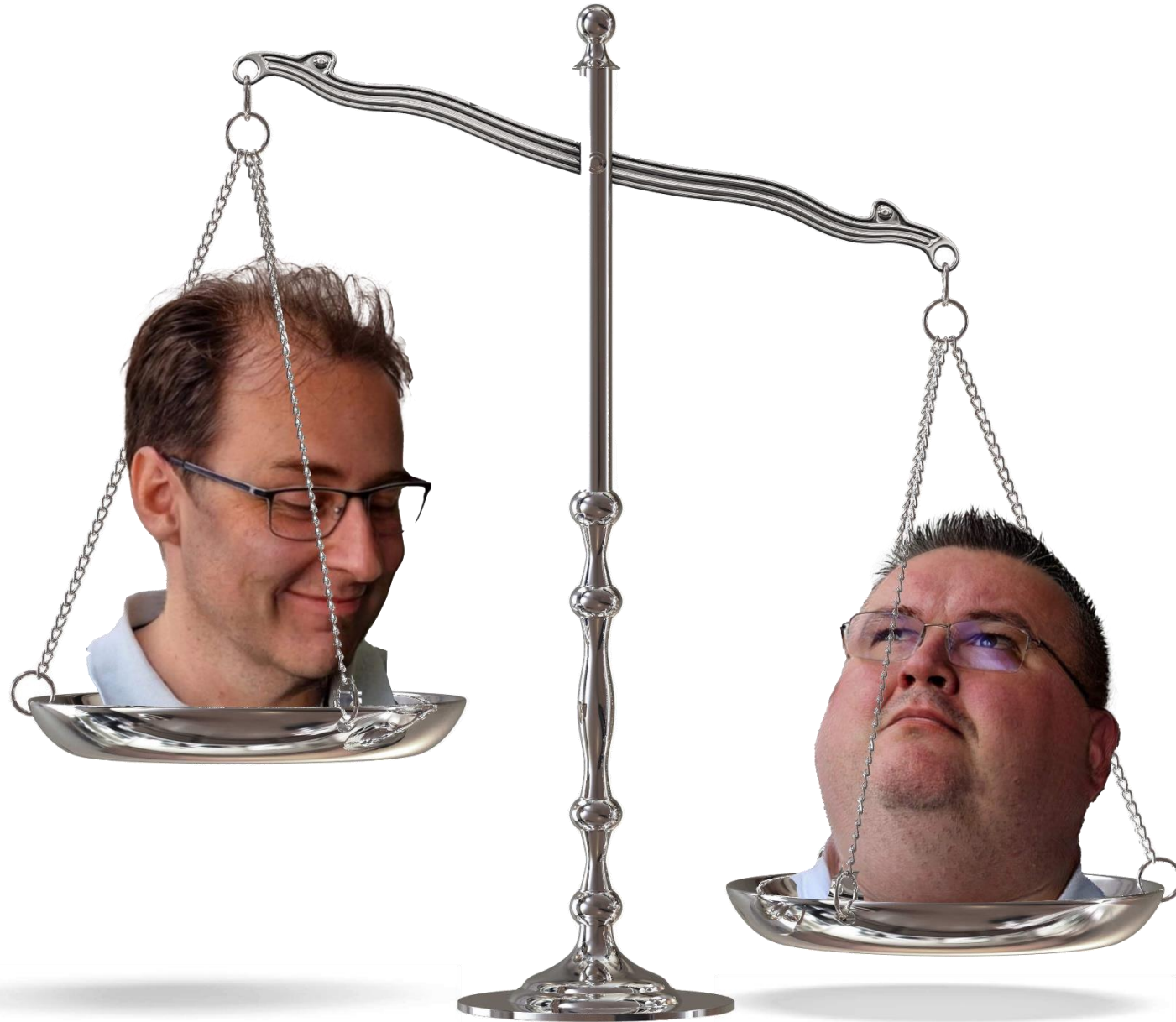
    0 references
    value(2; Foo)
    {
        Caption = 'Foo';
        Implementation = IScale = "Scale Foo";
    }
}
```

```
1 reference
local procedure DoGetWeight(var Item: Record Item; var Handled: Boolean);
var
    ScaleSetup: Record ScaleSetup;
    Scale: Interface IScale;
begin
    ScaleSetup.Get;

    Scale := ScaleSetup.Scale;

    Item.validate(Weight, scale.GetWeight());
    Item.Modify(true);

    if (scale.Getinfo() <> '') then
        message(scale.Getinfo());
end;
```



ChatGPT



Midjourney



Midjourney

ER

Explain Midjourney in one sentence



Midjourney

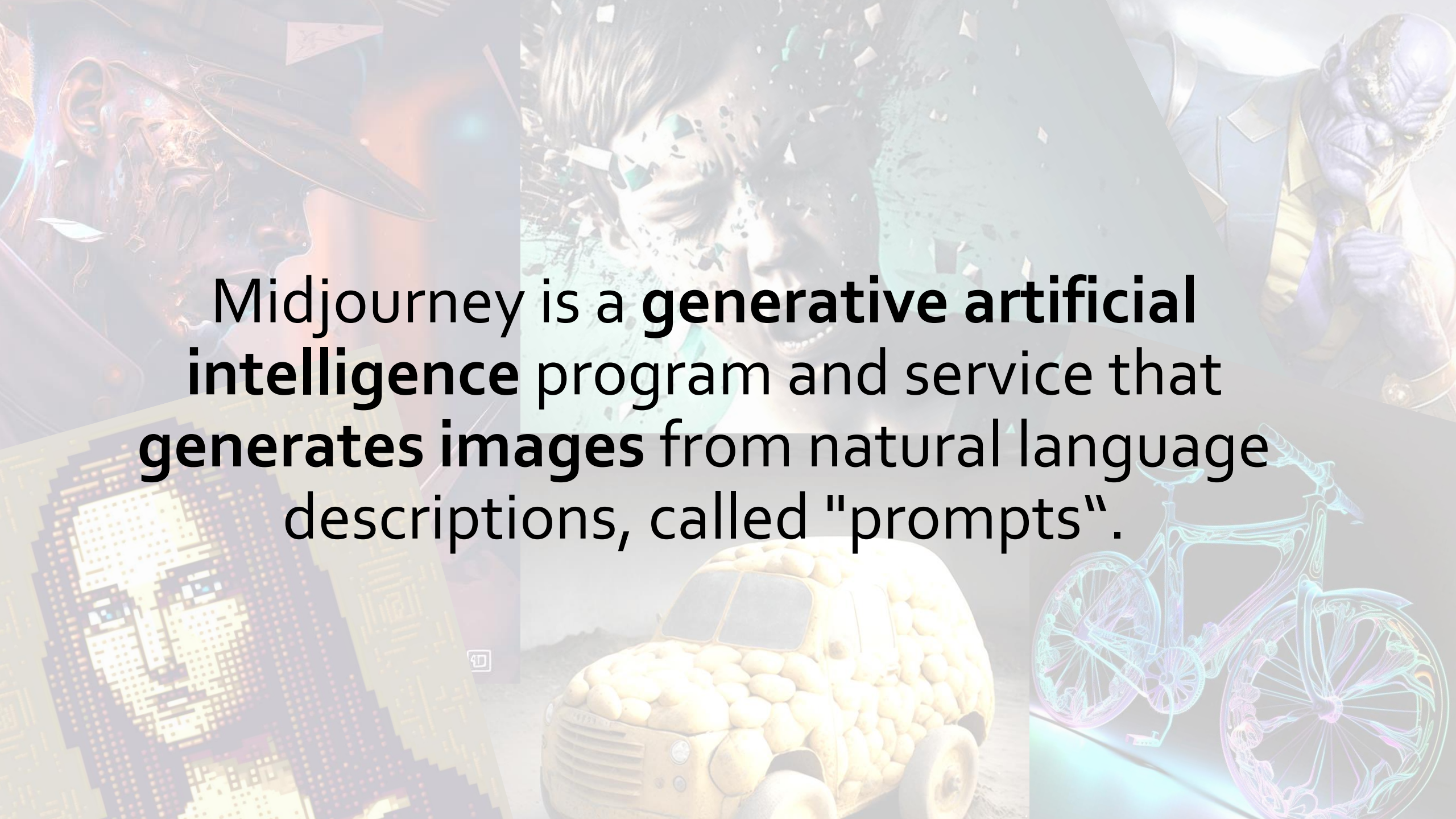
ER

Explain Midjourney in one sentence



Midjourney is a comprehensive travel platform that offers personalized itineraries, local recommendations, and seamless booking services to enhance the travel experience.





Midjourney is a **generative artificial intelligence** program and service that **generates images** from natural language descriptions, called "prompts".



Prompt:
“Imagine: Shocked Potato when
seeing Belgian Fries” –ar 1:1



Prompt:
“Imagine: Shocked Potato when
seeing Belgian Fries” –ar 1:1



Prompt:
“Imagine: Shocked Potato when
seeing Belgian Fries” –ar 1:1



Prompt:
Imagine: <url to picture> hilarious
caricature of both persons, drawing
--ar 1:1





Prompt:

Imagine: <url to picture> hilarious
caricature of both persons, drawing
--ar 1:1

So... what if ...





Prompt:

Imagine: <url to picture> on a beach,
sunset, realistic --ar 1:1 --iw 1.25





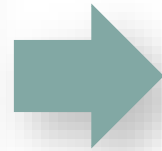
Prompt:
Imagine: <url to picture> on a beach,
sunset, realistic --ar 1:1 --iw 1.25



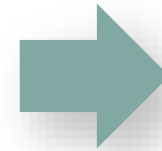
Let's see this in practice...



Action:
Item.Imagine



Imagine With
MidJourney Meth
(GetImageUrl)



Import Picture to
Item table



Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)



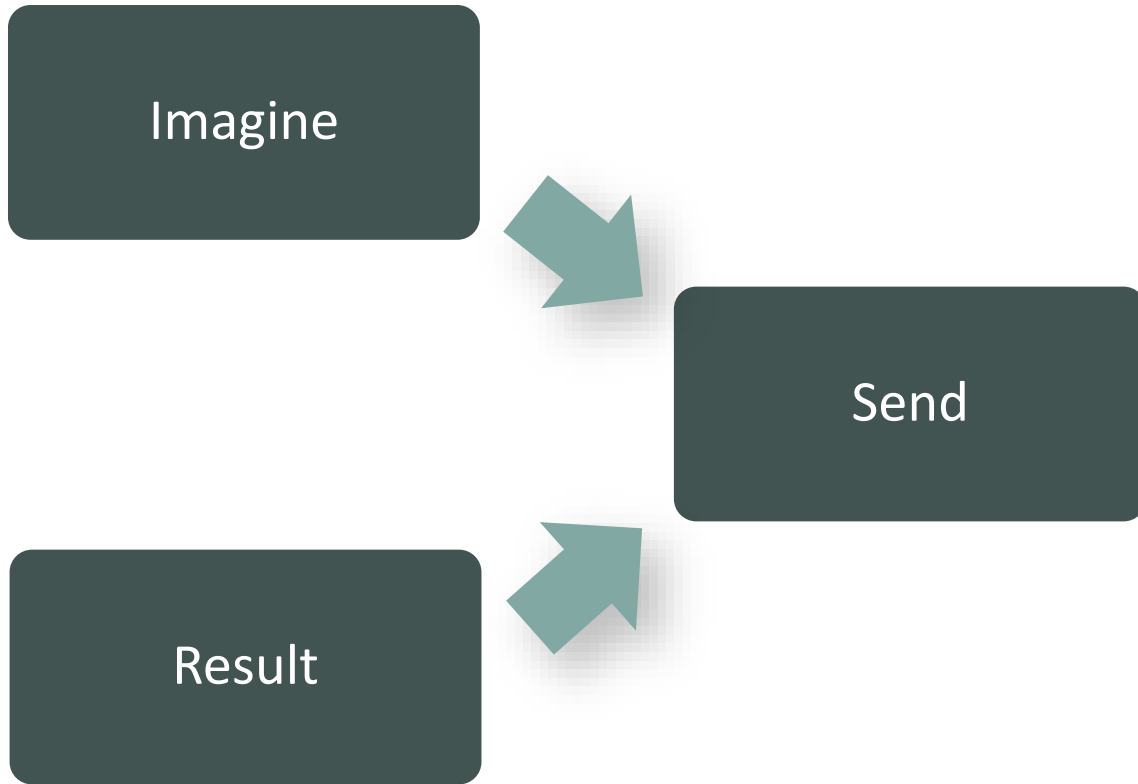
Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)

Imagine

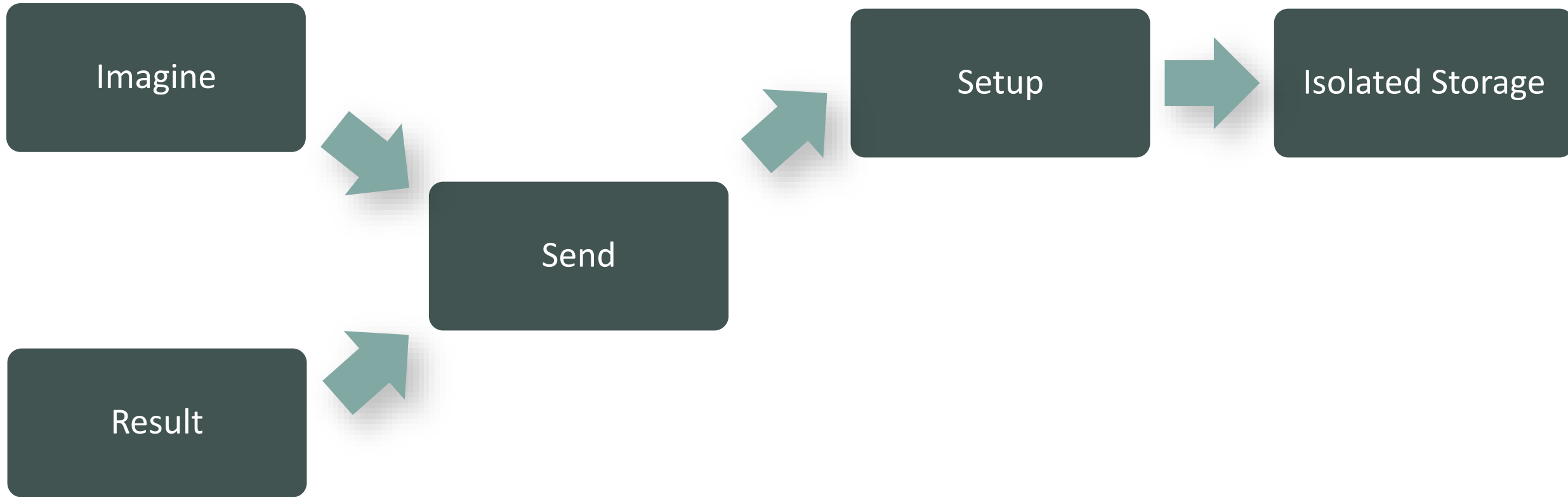
Result



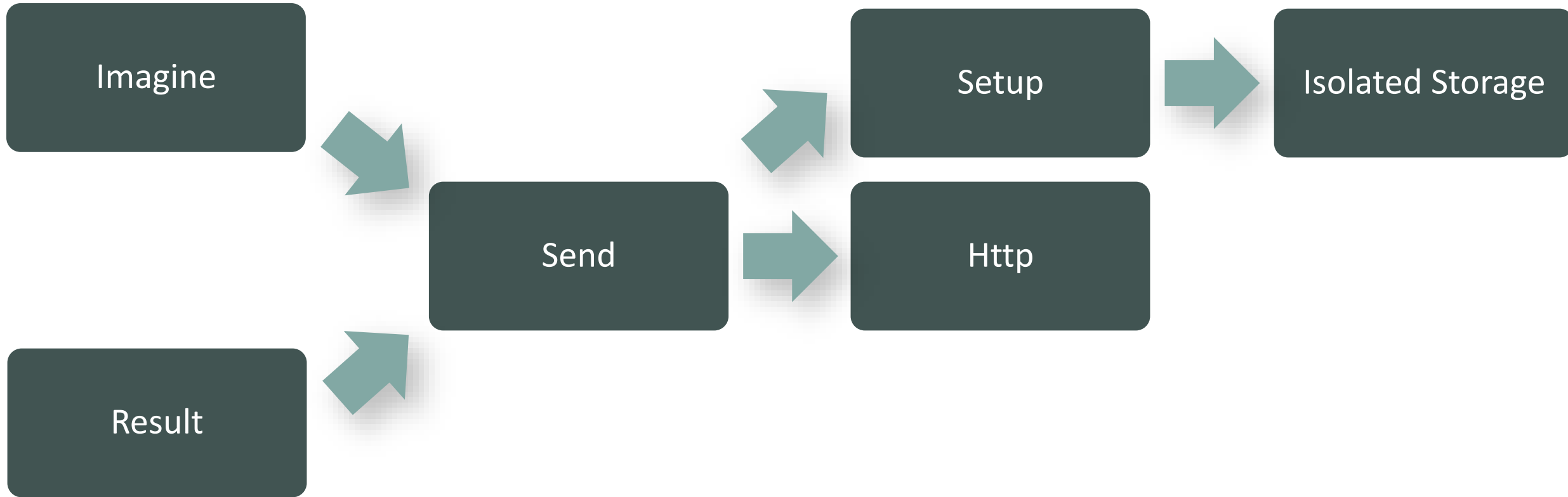
Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)



Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)



Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)



Like it?







Dependencies

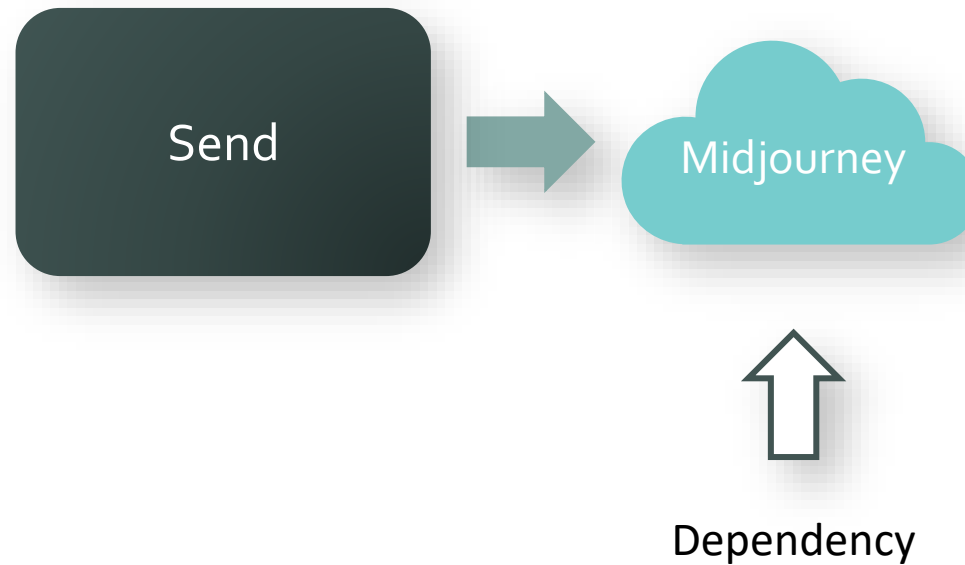


Dependencies

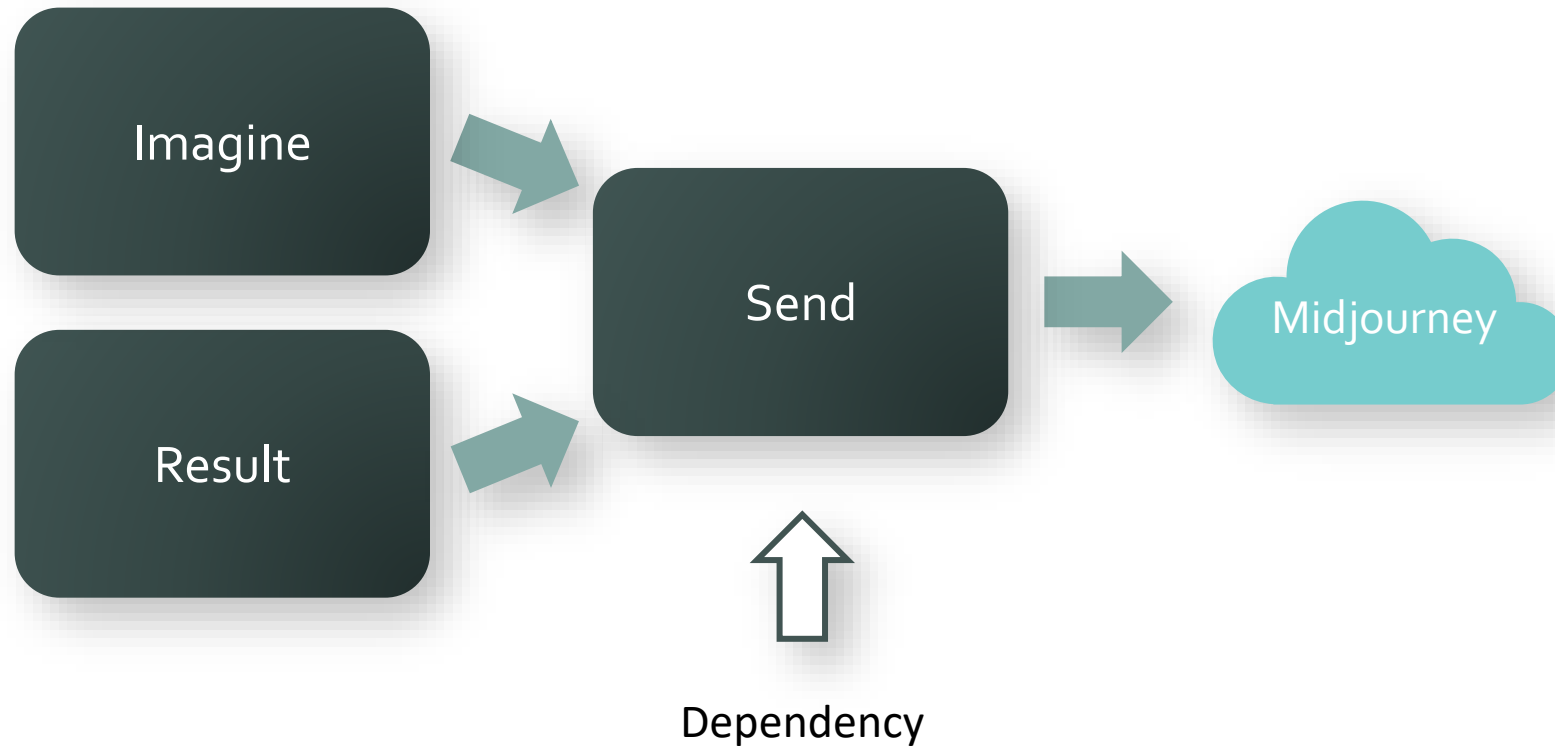
Any component or resource
that any other component
needs to fulfill its functionality



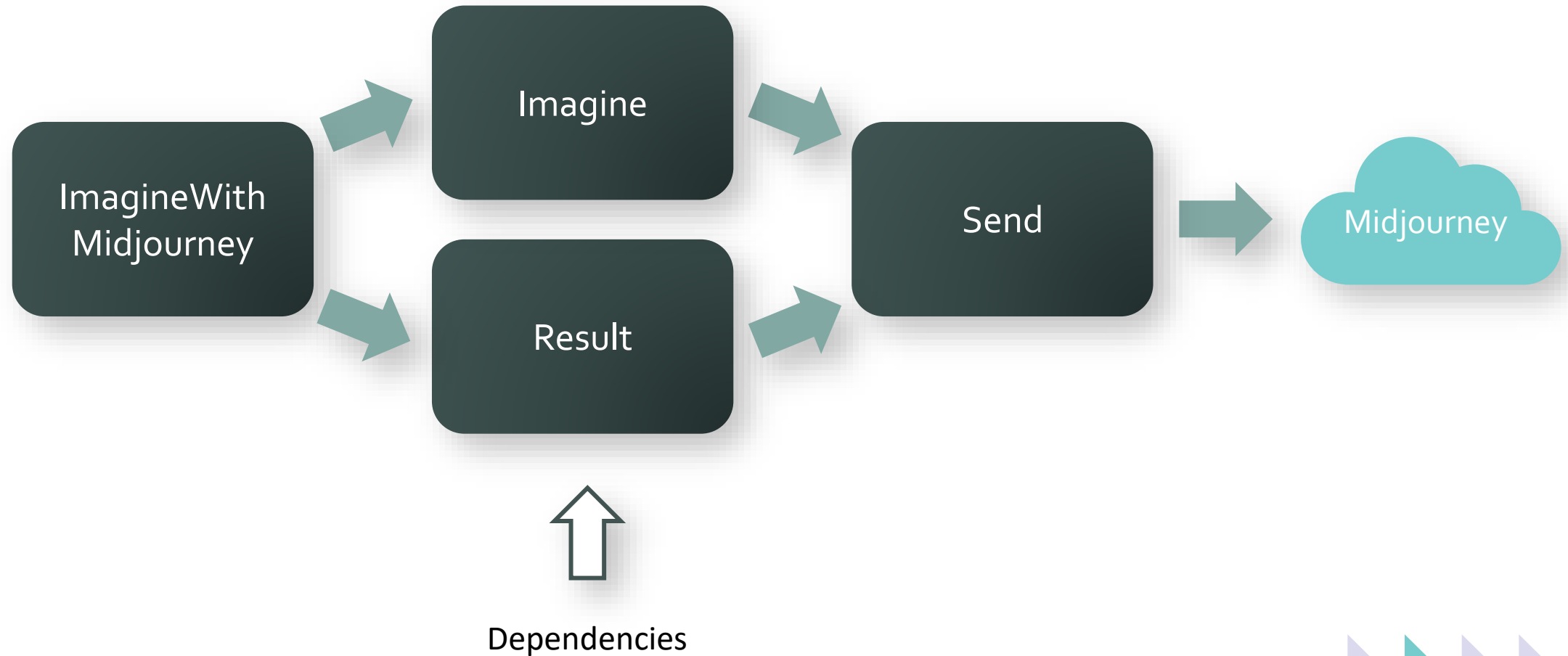
Dependencies



Dependencies



Dependencies



Dependencies

- Coupling vs. Cohesion



Dependencies

Coupling

- Degree of interdependence of different components
- *How strongly are these components interdependent?*

Cohesion

- Degree to which components belong together
- *How well do these components belong together?*



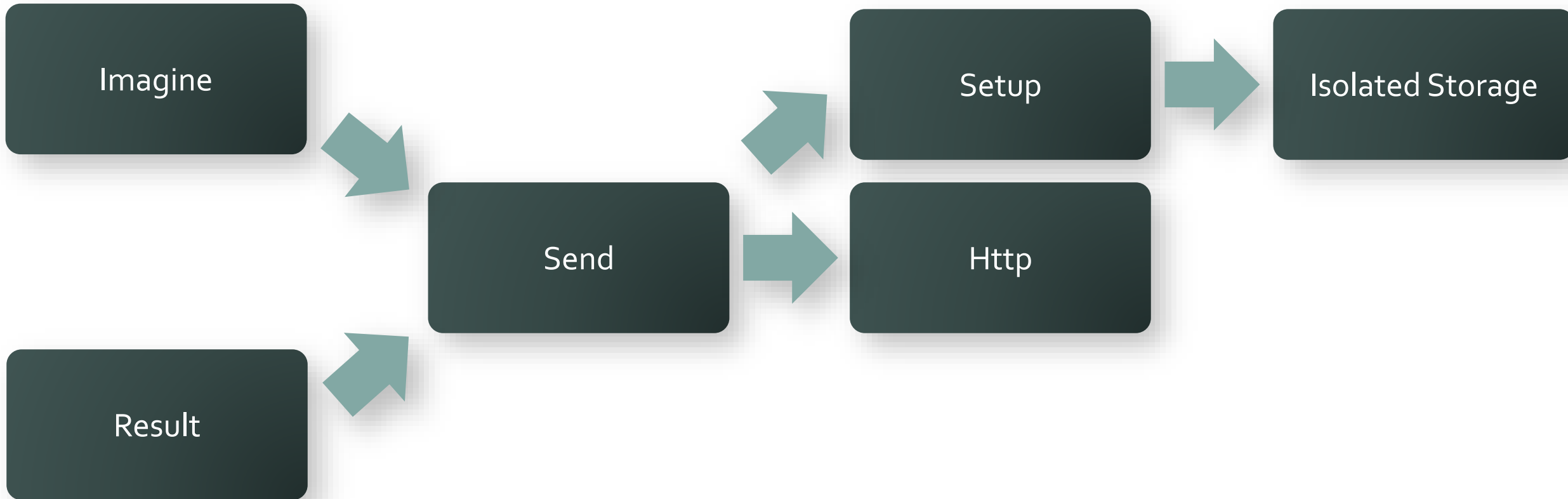


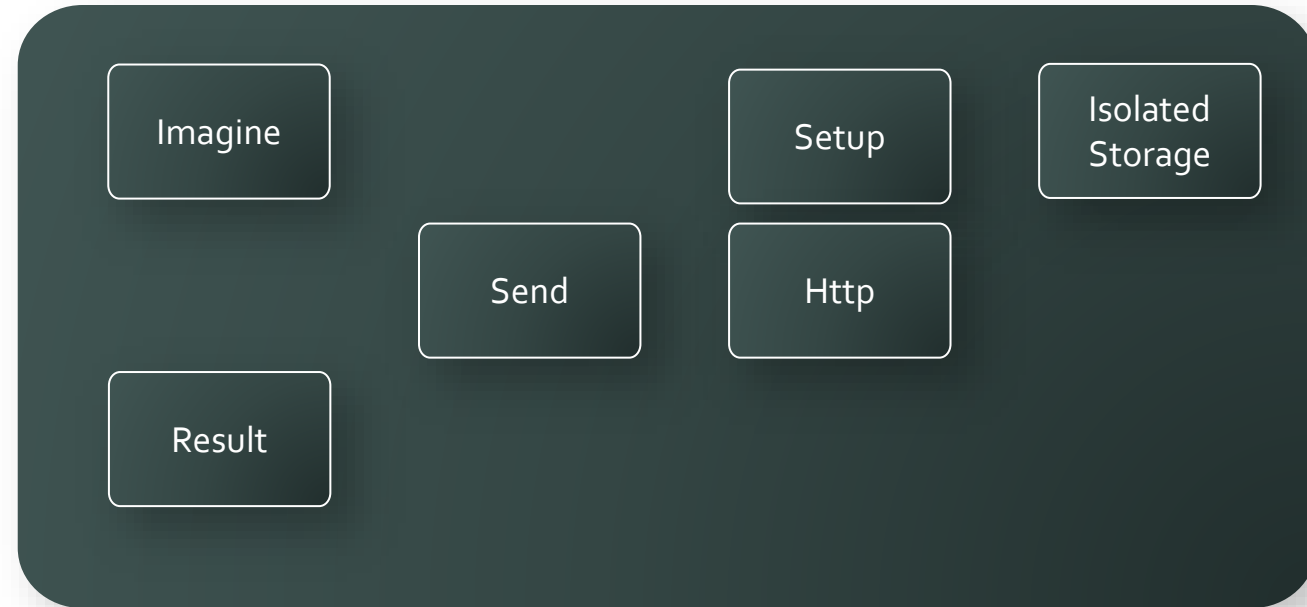






Imagine With MidJourney Meth (GetImageUrl)





Inversion of control



Inversion of control

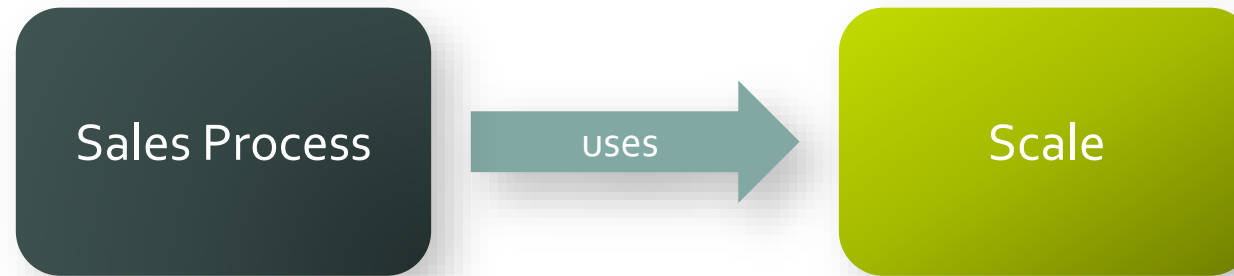
Consumer



Inversion of control



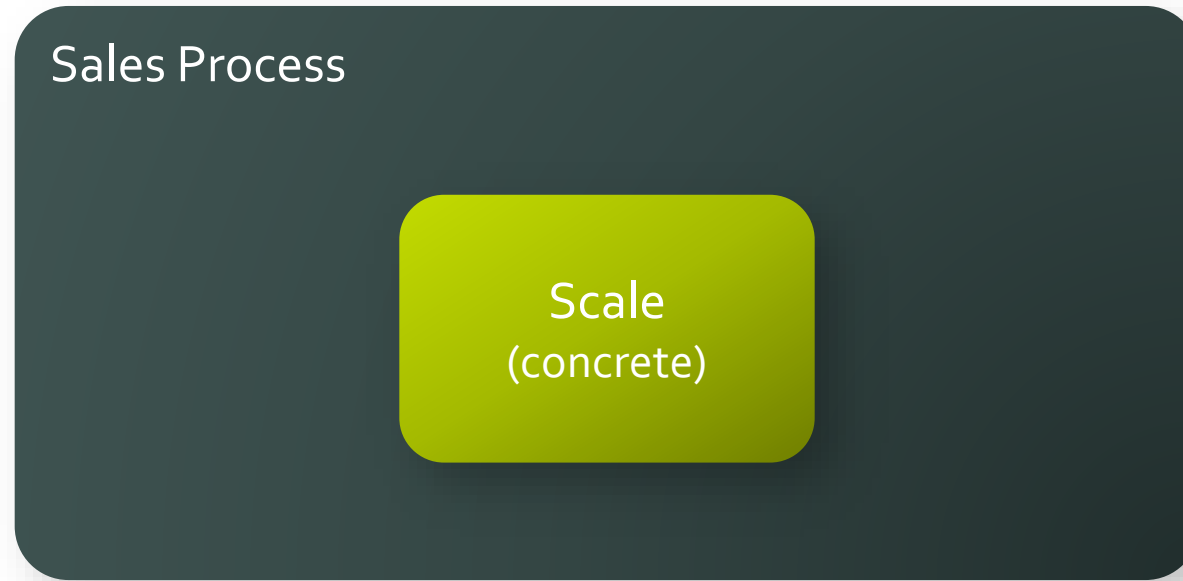
Inversion of control



```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Codeunit "Scale - Mettler Toledo";
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```



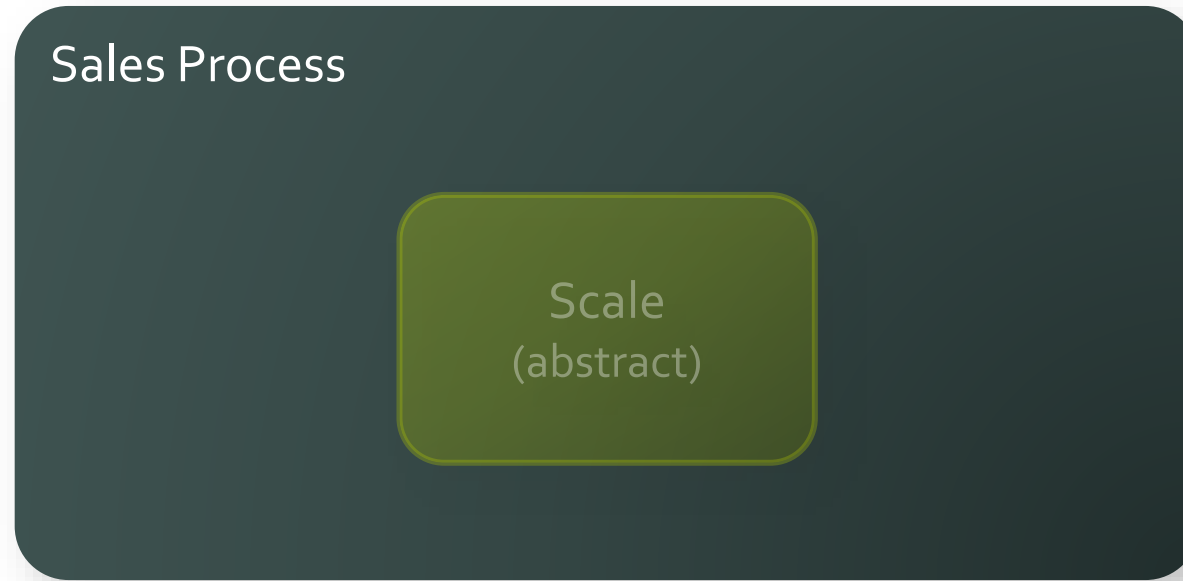
Inversion of control



- Sales process declares **concrete** scale at compile time
- Sales process **controls** this dependency



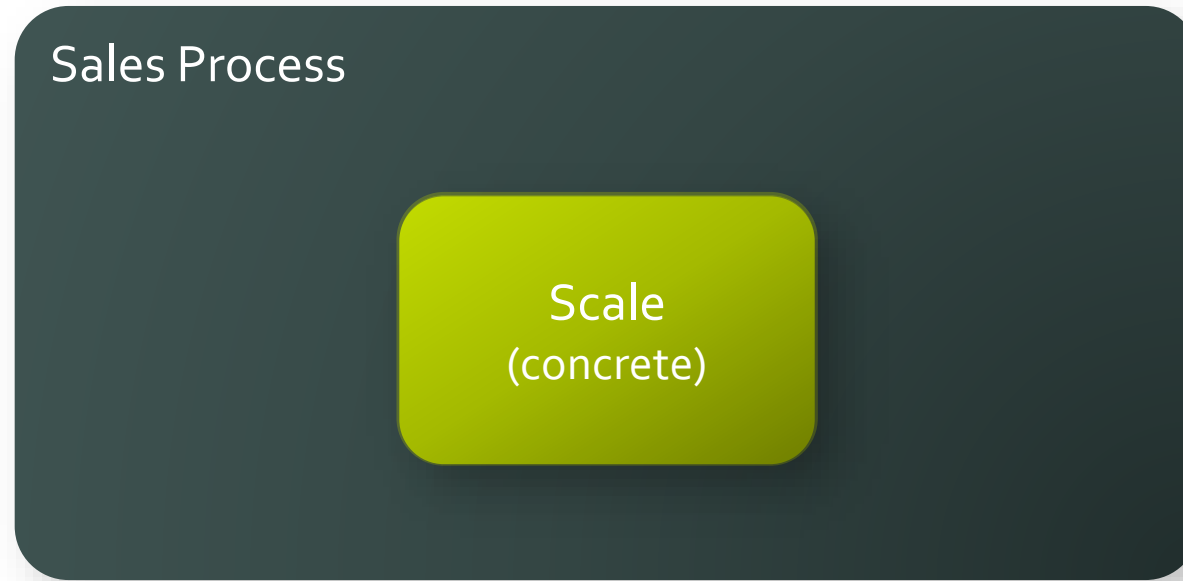
Inversion of control



- Sales process declares ***abstract*** scale at compile time
- Sales process ***no longer*** controls this dependency



Inversion of control



- Sales process receives/obtains **concrete** scale at run time
- Another process **controls** this dependency



Dependency Injection

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")  
var  
    Scale: Codeunit "Scale - Mettler Toledo";  
    Weight: Decimal;  
begin  
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();  
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);  
end;
```

Concrete
tightly coupled
dependency



Dependency Injection

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line"; Scale: Interface IScale)
var
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

Abstract
loosely coupled
dependency



Factory

Abstract
loosely coupled
dependency

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")  
var  
    Scale: Interface IScale;  
    Weight: Decimal;  
begin  
    Scale := GetScale();  
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();  
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);  
end;
```



Factory

Consumer ***asks*** for
concrete implementation
at run time

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```



Factory

There are
various techniques
for providing
concrete dependencies

```
local procedure GetScale(): Interface IScale
begin
    // Here be dragons
end;

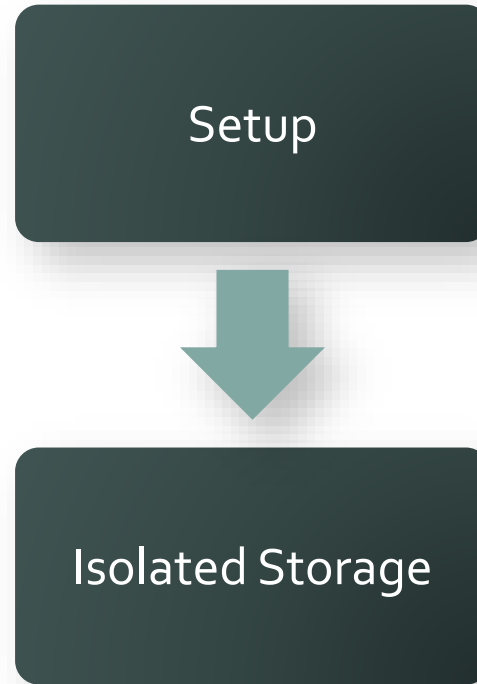
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```



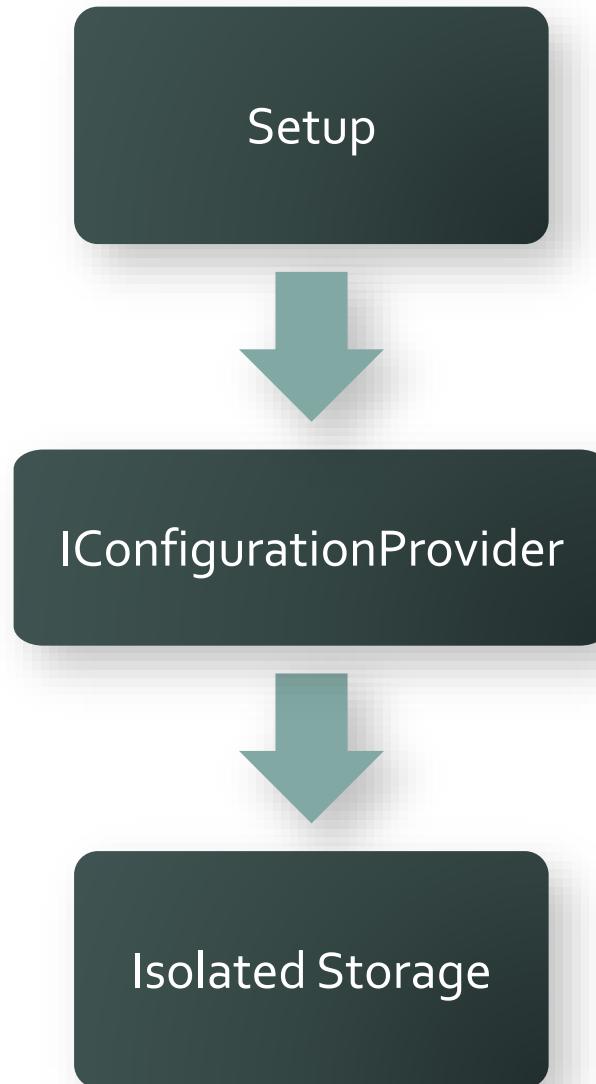
What about Isolated Storage?



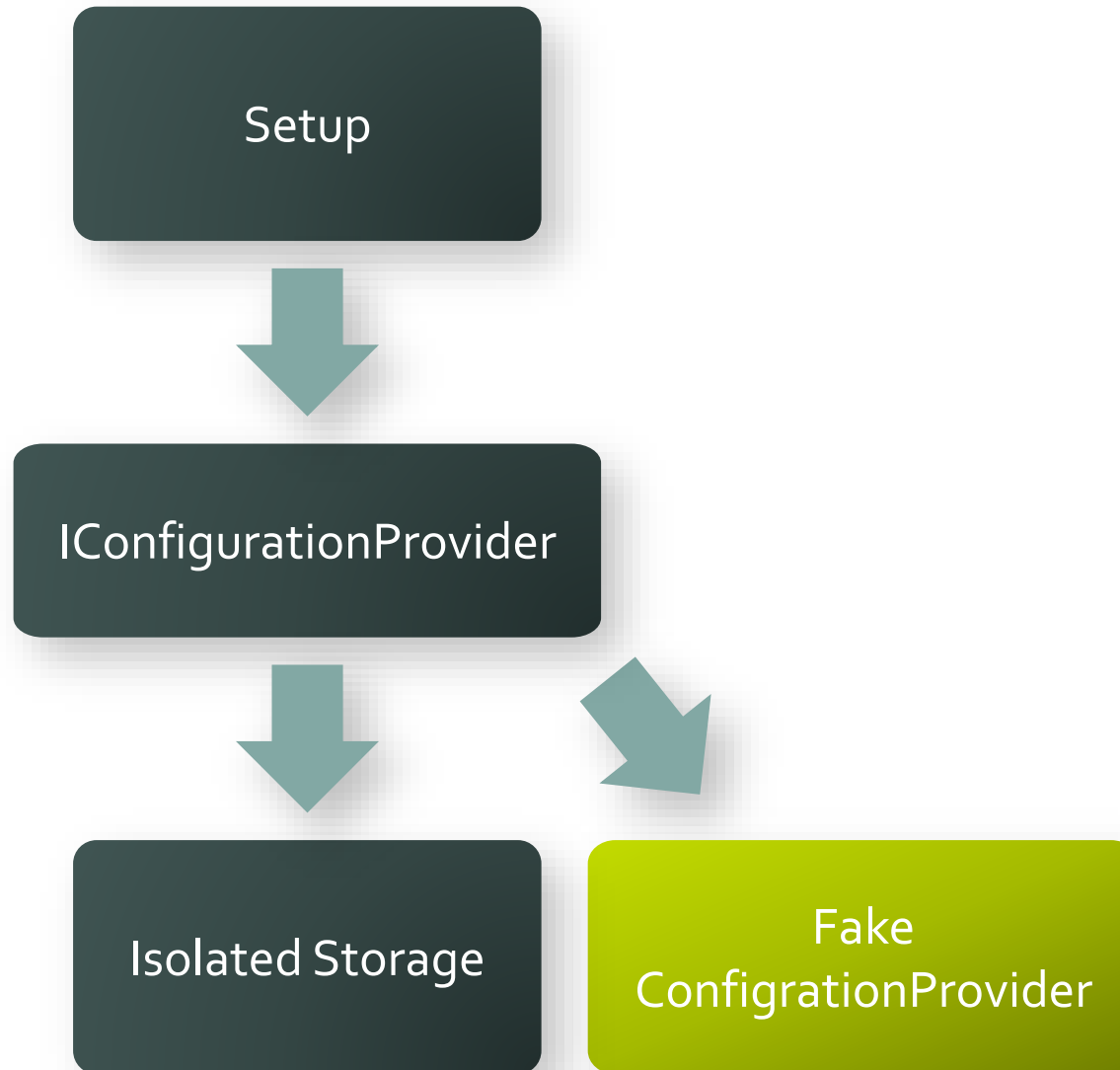
Decouple dependencies



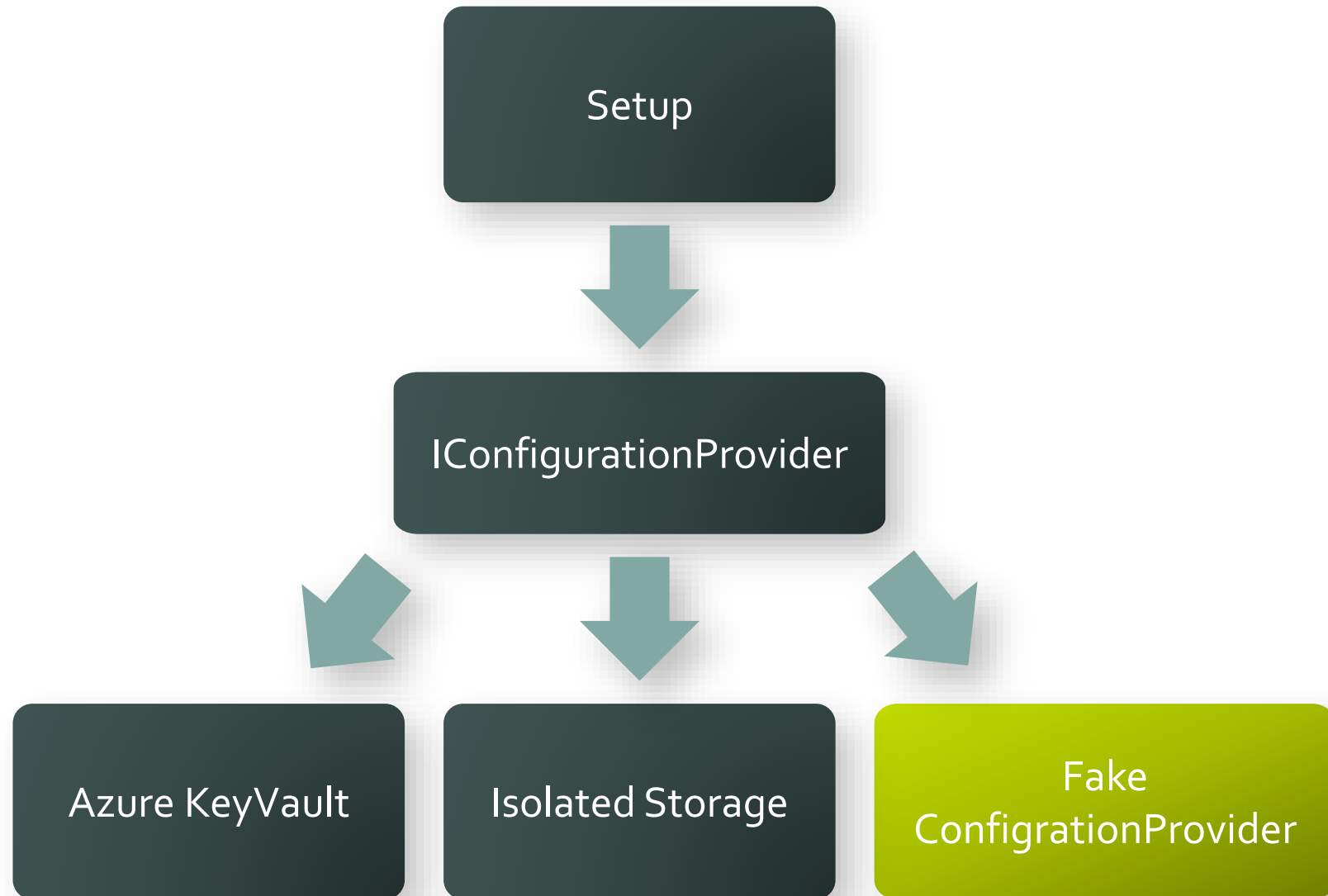
Decouple dependencies



Decouple dependencies



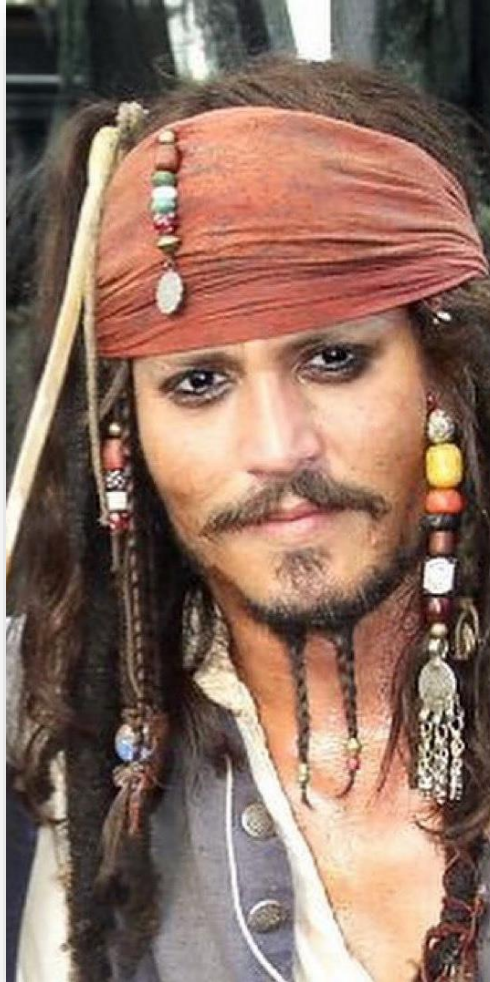
Decouple dependencies



Test doubles



Test doubles



Test doubles



Test doubles

*A test double is an object that
stands in for a real object in a test,
just like a stunt double
stands in for an actor in a movie.*



How do test doubles work?

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

Do we really
communicate
with a scale here?



How do test doubles work?

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

Does this function
really care about ***how exactly***
the weight was taken?



How do test doubles work?

```
procedure GetWeight(var Salesline: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    Salesline.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

```
interface IScale
{
    1 reference
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal;
}
```

The process is
abstracted
behind an interface



How do test doubles work?

```
procedure GetWeight(var Salesline: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

Your process does not care
which one of these
interface implementations
was invoked

```
interface IScale
{
    1 reference
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal;
}
```

```
codeunit 60219 "Scale - B-TEK" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```

```
codeunit 60217 "Scale - Tefal" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```

```
codeunit 60218 "Scale - Mettler Toledo" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```


How do test doubles work?

```
procedure GetWeight(var SalesLine: Record "Sales Line")
var
    Scale: Interface IScale;
    Weight: Decimal;
begin
    Scale := GetScale();
    Weight := Scale.GetWeight();
    SalesLine.Validate("Gross Weight", Weight);
end;
```

... or if a mock
implementation was
invoked

```
interface IScale
{
    1 reference
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal;
}
```

```
codeunit 60219 "Scale - B-TEK" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```

```
codeunit 60217 "Scale - Tefal" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```

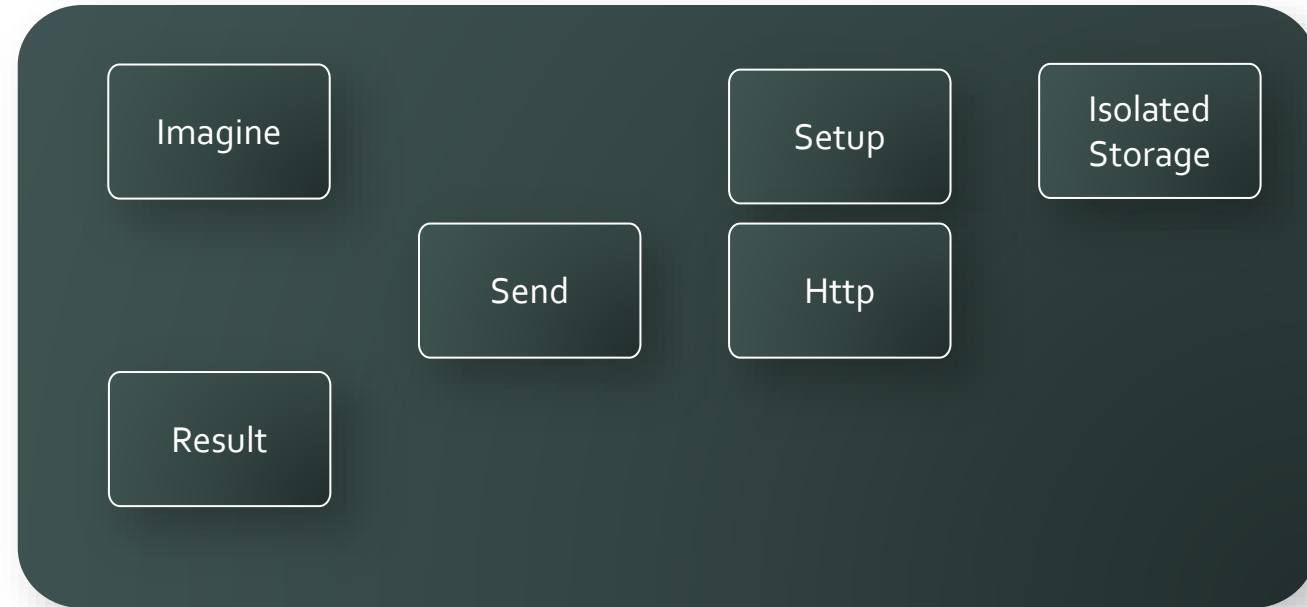
```
codeunit 60218 "Scale - Mettler Toledo" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        // Some complex hardware communication code
    end;
}
```

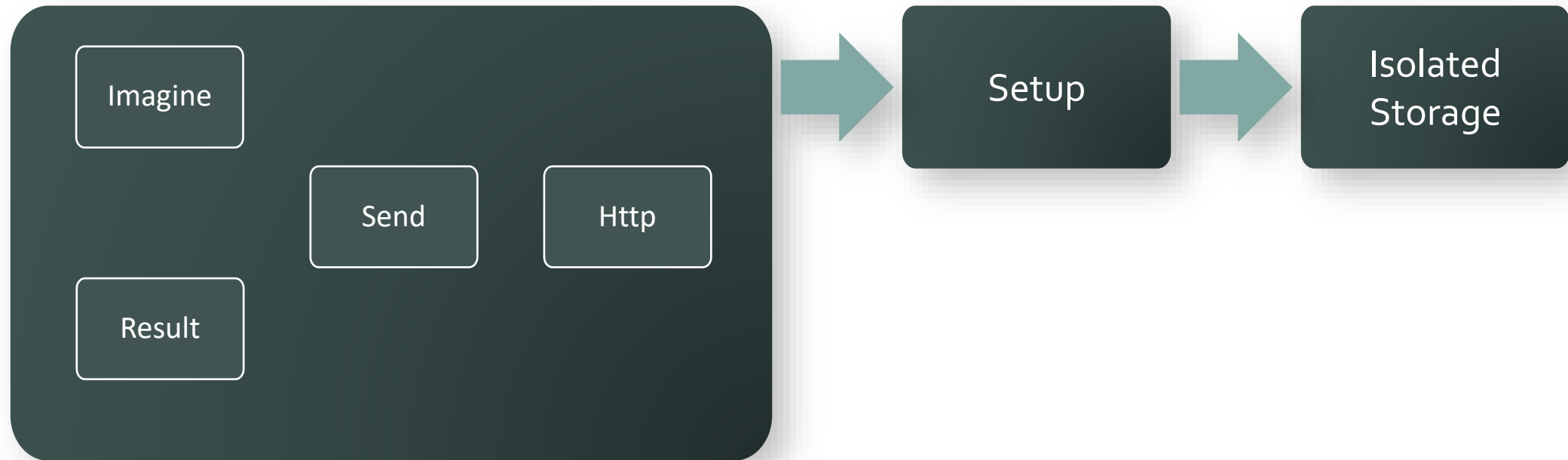
```
codeunit 60220 "Scale - Mock" implements IScale
{
    procedure TakeWeight(): Decimal
    begin
        exit(Random() * 100)
    end;
}
```

What have we done so far?

- Decoupled setup
- Decoupled Isolated Storage
- We can test isolated from setup or database
- We can exchange our components (eg, Azure Key Vault)



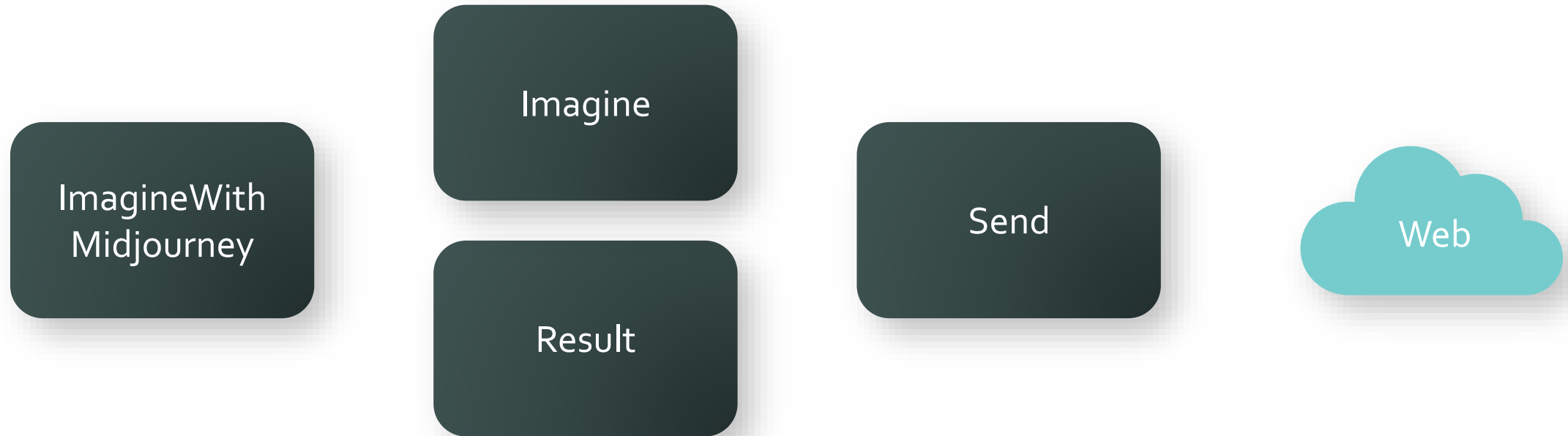




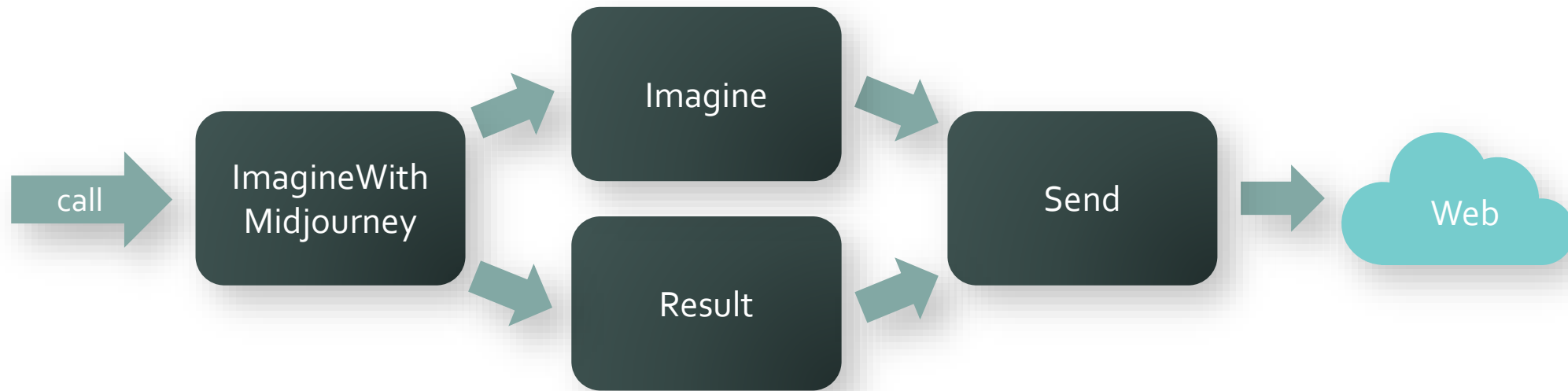
Testing in Isolation



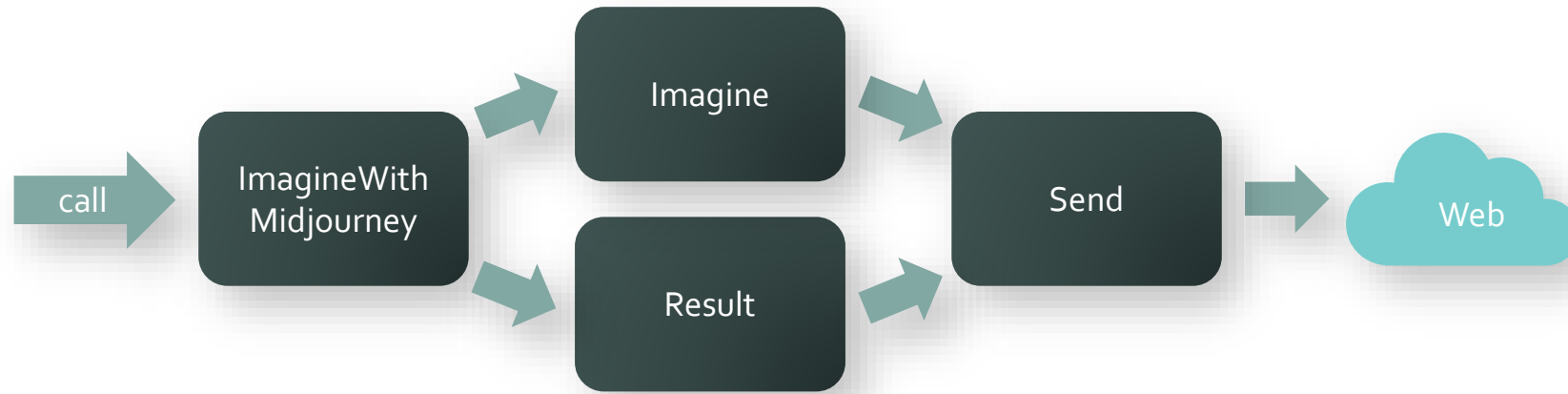
Testing in isolation



Testing in isolation



Testing in isolation

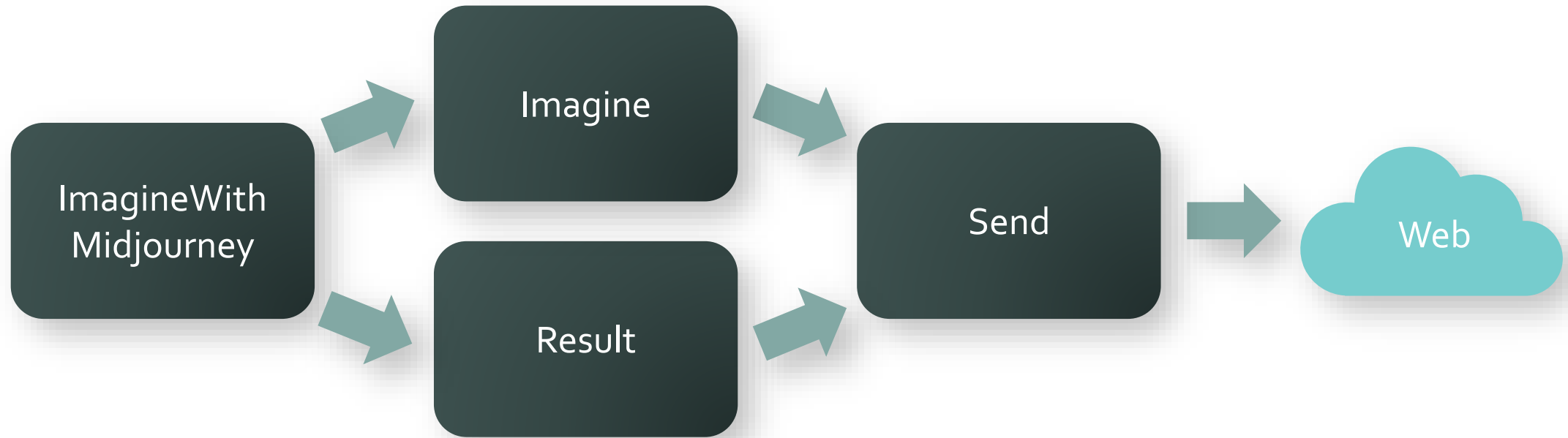


Testing directly is problematic:

- Requires a lot of “givens”
- Takes a lot of time to properly set up
- Executes slowly
- ***Does not enable testing all flows***



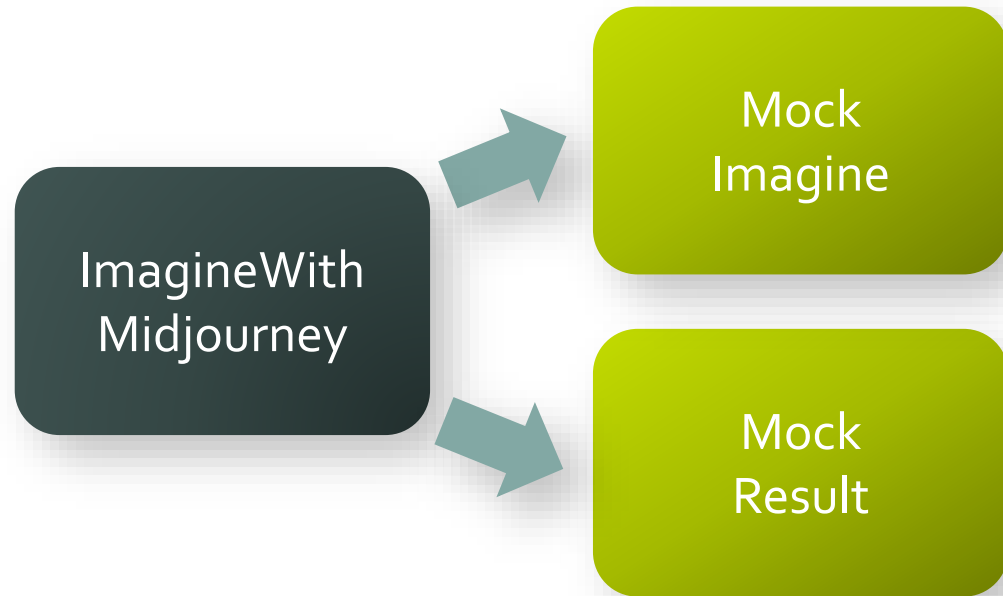
Testing in isolation



We must test each component in isolation from its dependencies



Testing in isolation



At each level:

- We test the component directly
- We mock its direct dependencies



Testing in isolation



At each level:

- We test the component directly
- We mock its direct dependencies



Testing in isolation

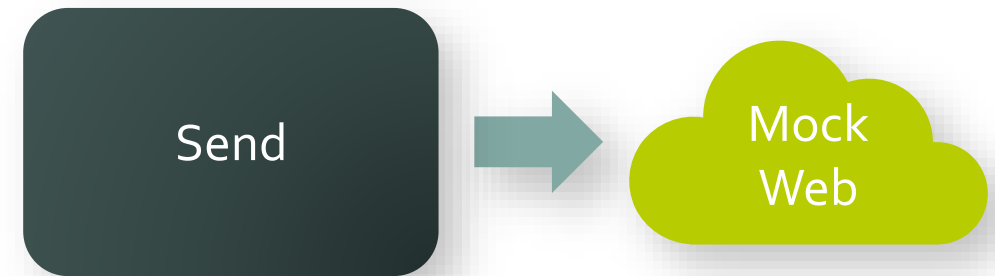


At each level:

- We test the component directly
- We mock its direct dependencies



Testing in isolation

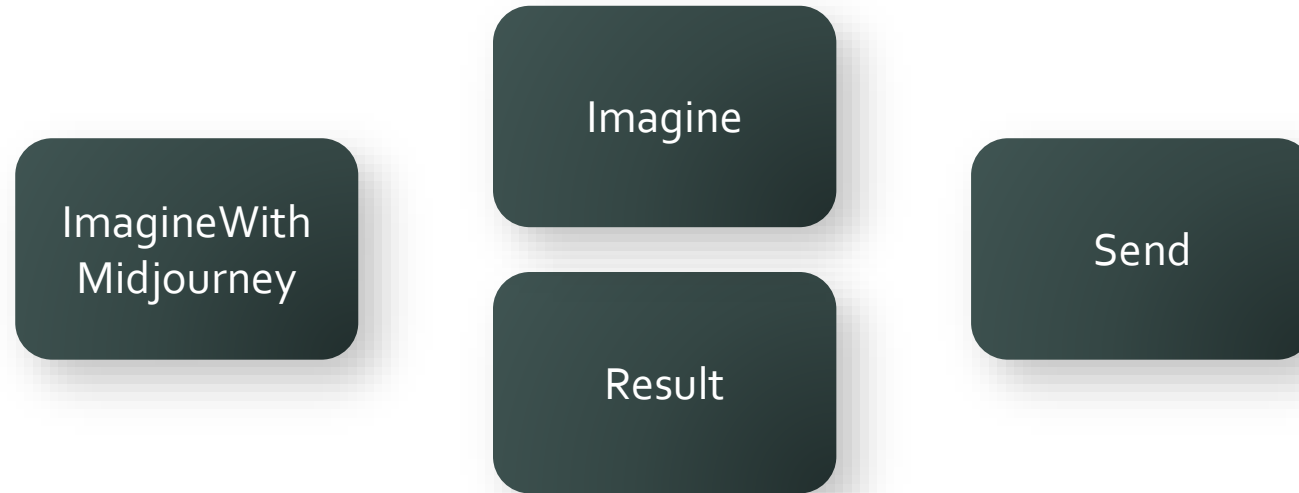


At each level:

- We test the component directly
- We mock its direct dependencies



Testing in isolation



- We tested *all components*
- We tested *all code paths*
- We simulated *all conditions*
- Tests were *simple to write*
- Tests *performed fast*

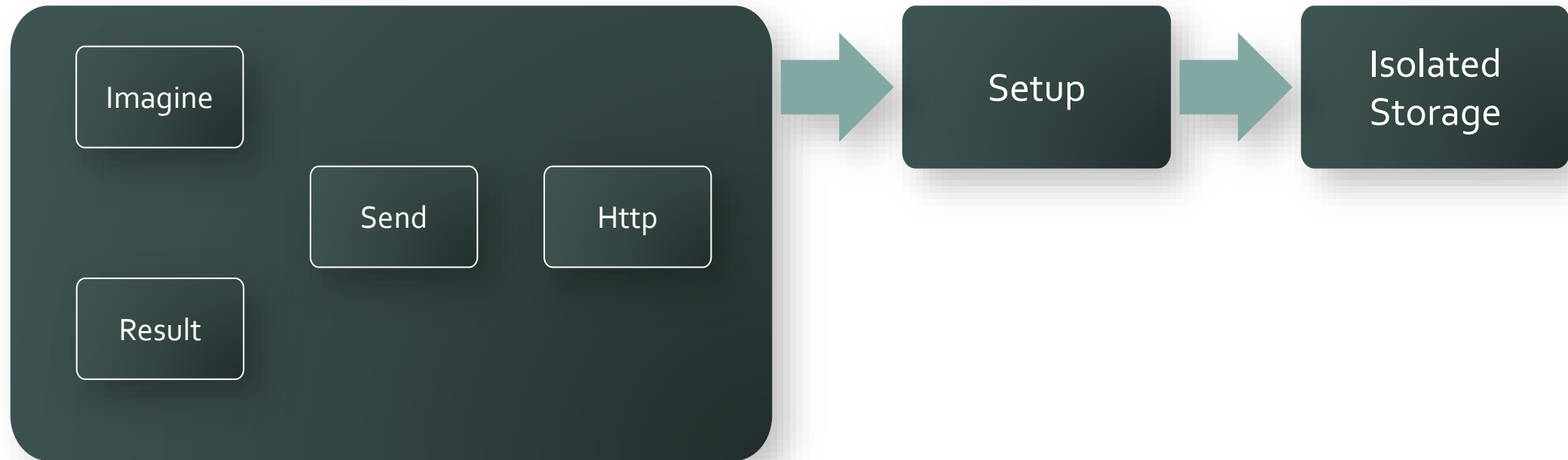


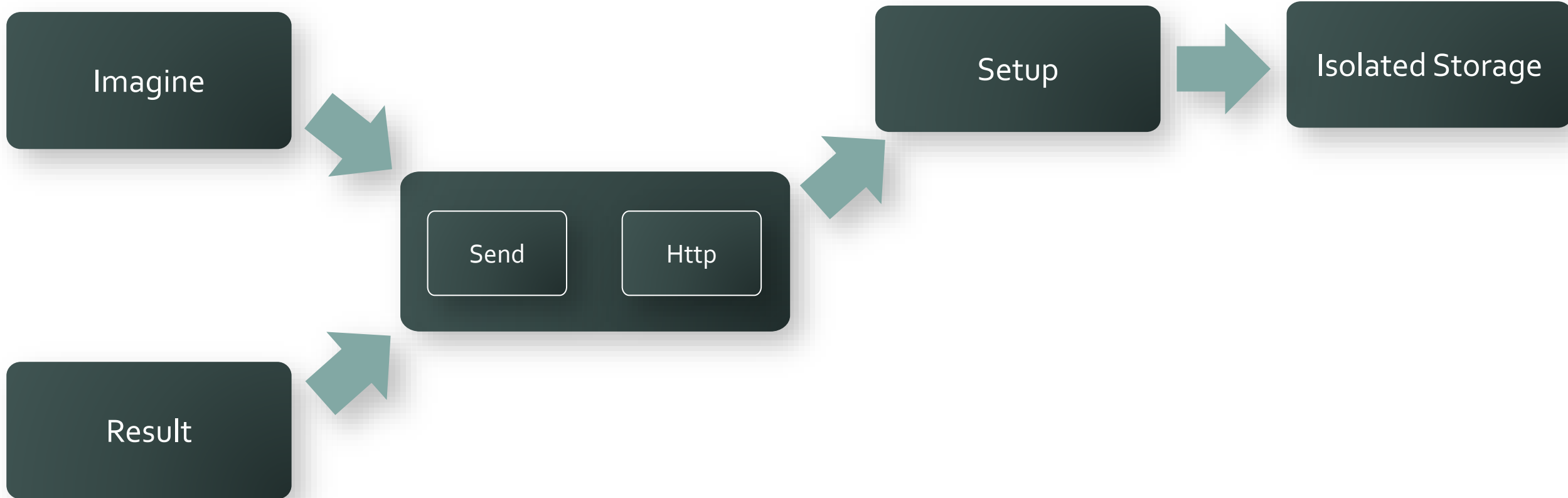
Tests pinpoint design issues

*When you can't test a component in isolation,
you know there is a problem with your design.*

-- a wise man once said --







Where are we ...

- Decoupling helps us to test
- But it also gives opportunities
 - Dall-E
 - Azure Key Vault
- Dependency Injection makes us able to control the implementations wherever we want..

But ...



```
internal procedure GetImageUrl(Prompt: Text; Imagine: Interface IMidjourneyImagine; Result  
var  
    IsHandled: Boolean;  
begin
```



```
t: Interface IMidjourneyResult; MidjourneySend: Interface IMidjourneySend) MidjourneyUrl: Text
```



Factory



Factory

“An object that the client code can use to obtain instances of its dependencies, without explicitly knowing the concrete class being instantiated.”



An object

```
codeunit 50074 "Midjourney Factory"  
{  
    SingleInstance = true;
```

“ that the client code can use to obtain instances of its dependencies, without explicitly knowing the concrete class being instantiated.”



An object
that the client code can use

```
codeunit 50074 "Midjourney Factory"  
{  
    SingleInstance = true;
```

```
codeunit 50061 "ImagineWithMidjourney Meth"  
{  
    var  
        Factory: Codeunit "Midjourney Factory";
```

“
dependencies, without explicitly knowing the concrete class being
instantiated.”
to obtain instances of its



An object
that the client code can use
to obtain instances of its dependencies

```
codeunit 50074 "Midjourney Factory"  
{  
    SingleInstance = true;
```

```
codeunit 50061 "ImagineWithMidjourney Meth"  
{  
    var  
        Factory: Codeunit "Midjourney Factory";
```

```
local procedure DoGetImage(Prompt: Text; var MidjourneyUrl: Text;  
var  
    Imagine: Interface IMidjourneyImagine;  
    TaskId: Text;  
begin  
    if IsHandled then  
        exit;  
  
    if not _retryDelaySet then  
        _retryDelay := 5000;  
  
    Imagine := Factory.GetMidjourneyImagine();  
    TaskId := Imagine.Imagine(Prompt);  
    MidjourneyUrl := WaitForUrl(TaskId);  
end;
```

```
internal procedure GetImageUrl(Prompt: Text; Imagine: Interface IMidjourneyImagine; Result  
var  
    IsHandled: Boolean;  
begin
```




```
internal procedure GetImageUrl(Prompt: Text  
var  
    IsHandled: Boolean;  
begin
```



```
internal procedure GetImageUrl(Prompt: Text) MidjourneyUrl: Text
var
    IsHandled: Boolean;
begin
```



Demo: Single Instance Factories



Single Instance Factories

Pros:

- Much easier to add/remove dependencies
- Easy to create/read tests

Cons:

- Dependency chains are now obscured
- Compiler doesn't help you
- Can be a liability, because developer might forget



Factory Injection



Demo: Factory Injection



Hidden Dependencies



Key Takeaways

- **Interfaces** promote loose coupling and easier maintenance of the system.
- **Decoupling** enhances flexibility, testability, and maintainability.
- **Inversion of Control** inverts the control flow, improving modularity and extensibility.

Repo: <https://github.com/vjekob/bctechdays2023>



TDD



TDD is not about tests



TDD is not about tests
it's about design



Q&A

Any Questions?



Thank You!

