



Optimizing SQL queries in Business Central

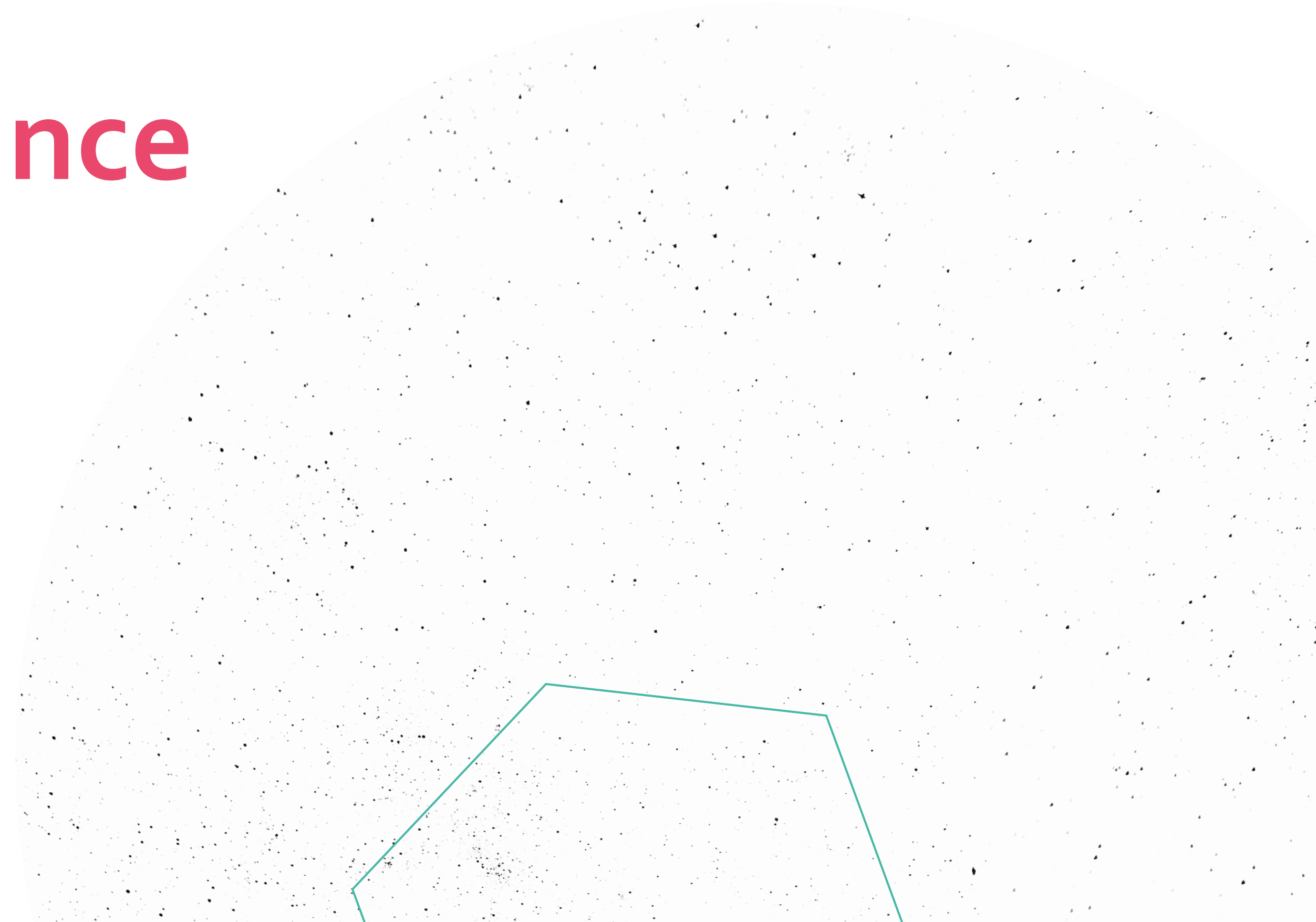
Milan Milinčević
NAVIPARTNER

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mmilince



Agenda

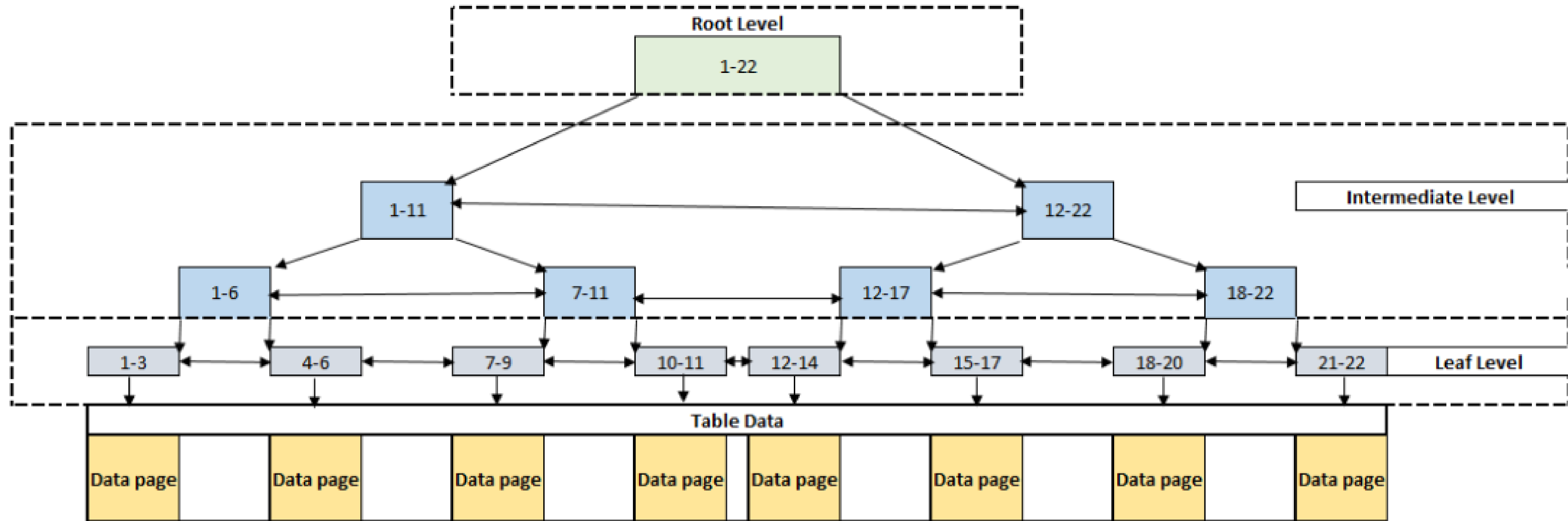
- Index
- Clustered and non-clustered indexes
- Covering index
- SIFT
- NCCI
- ... and much more

INDEX

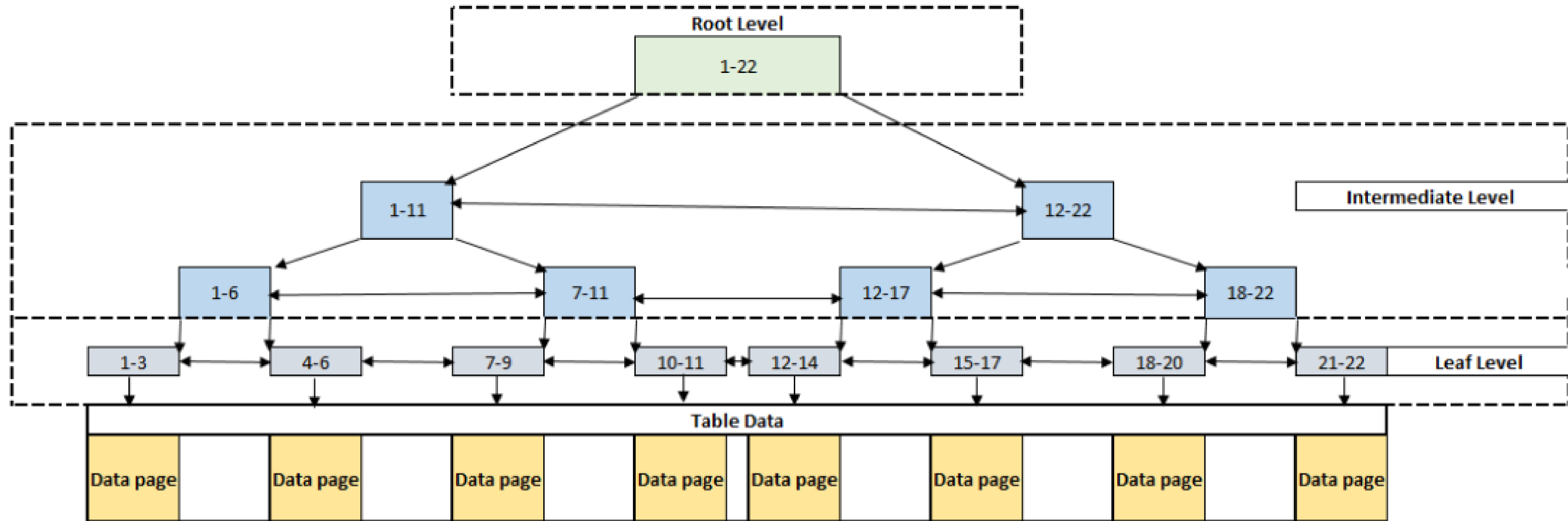
„An index is an on-disk structure associated with a table or view that speeds retrieval of rows from the table or view. An index contains keys built from one or more columns in the table or view. These keys are stored in a structure (B-tree) that enables SQL Server to find the row or rows associated with the key values quickly and efficiently.“

-Microsoft

Clustered index



Clustered index



Non-clustered

INDEX

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Key vs Index

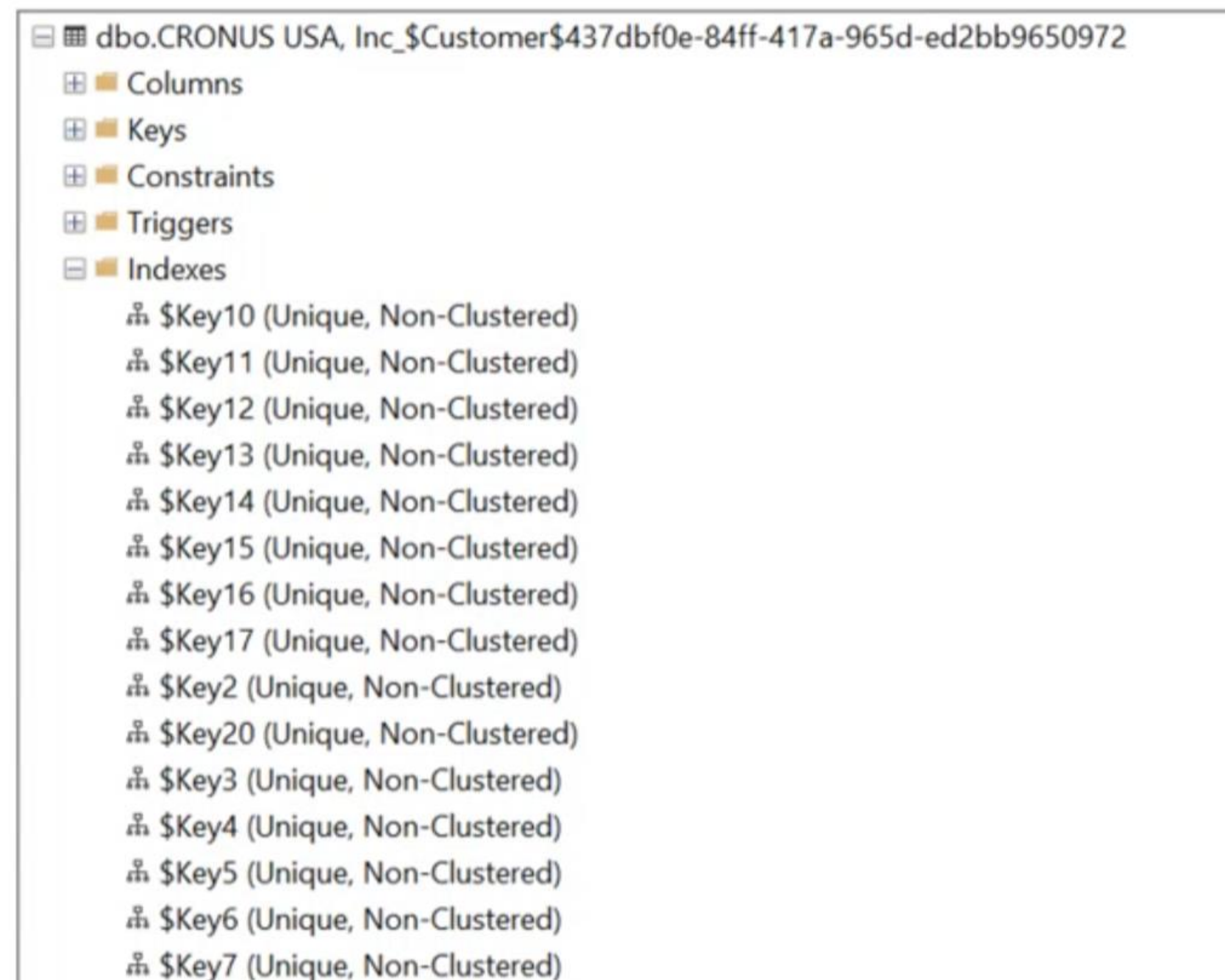
- [-] [table icon] dbo.CRONUS Danmark A_S\$Item\$437dbf0e-84ff-417a-965d-ed2bb9650972
 - [+] [folder icon] Columns
 - [-] [folder icon] Keys
 - 🔑 CRONUS Danmark A_S\$Item\$437dbf0e-84ff-417a-965d-ed2bb9650972\$Key1
 - 🔑 CRONUS Danmark A_S\$Item\$437dbf0e-84ff-417a-965d-ed2bb9650972\$\$systemId
 - [+] [folder icon] Constraints
 - [+] [folder icon] Triggers
 - [-] [folder icon] Indexes
 - 🔑 \$Key10 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key11 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key12 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key13 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key14 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key15 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key16 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key17 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key18 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key19 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key2 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key3 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key4 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key5 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key6 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key7 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key8 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 \$Key9 (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 CRONUS Danmark A_S\$Item\$437dbf0e-84ff-417a-965d-ed2bb9650972\$\$systemId (Unique, Non-Clustered)
 - 🔑 CRONUS Danmark A_S\$Item\$437dbf0e-84ff-417a-965d-ed2bb9650972\$Key1 (Clustered)
 - [+] [folder icon] Statistics


```
keys
{
  - reference
  key(Key1; "Code")
  {
  }
  - reference
  key(Key2; "Starting date", "Starting time", "Ending date", "Ending time")
  {
  }
  - reference
  key(Key3; "Ending date", "Ending time")
  {
  }
  - reference
  key(Key4; "Actual Discount Amount", "Actual Item Qty.")
  {
  }

  - reference
  key(Key5; "Replication Counter")
  {
  }
}
```


Keys on base table

- Create new table keys on table extensions
- Not possible to combine standard and custom fields



~~SetCurrentKey()~~ SetOrder()

- Used to sort by the specified fields
- SQL Server choose which index to use
- You can use any fields as parameters

```
local procedure TestSetCurrentKey()
var
    Item: Record Item;
begin
    Item.SetCurrentKey("Statistics Group");
    Item.SetFilter("Statistics Group", '>10');
    if Item.FindSet() then begin
        //some business logic
    end;
end;
```


Caching

Two levels of cache:

- BC Server Instance Data Cache
- SQL Server Data Cache

Caching

Two levels of cache:

- BC Server Instance Data Cache
- SQL Server Data Cache

BC:

- `SelectLatestVersion()`

SQL server:

- `DBCC DROPCLEANBUFFERS`
- `DBCC FREEPROCCACHE`

Partial Records

- Loading subset of normal fields
- Avoid potential JOINS

| SetLoadFields | AddLoadFields | AreFieldsLoaded | LoadFields |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sets the fields to be initially loaded | Adds fields to the current set of fields to be initially loaded | Checks whether the specified fields are all initially loaded | Accesses the table's corresponding data source to load the specified fields |

PROBLEM:

Partial records would require all fields used as filters in calcformulas on flowfield to be always loaded

Partial Records

- Loading subset of normal fields
- Avoid potential JOINS

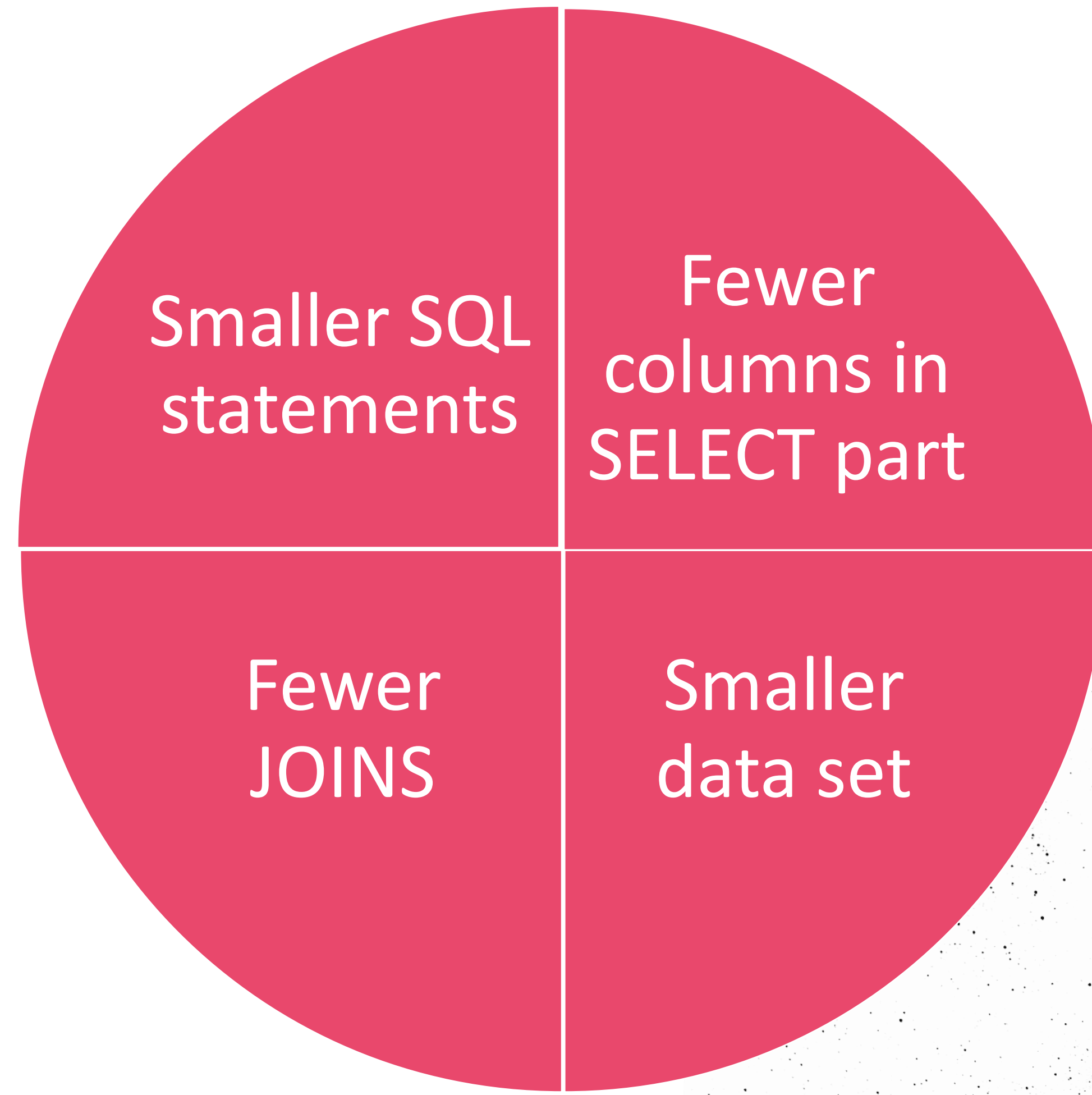
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PROBLEM:

Partial records would require all fields used as filters in calcformulas or filters to be always loaded

SOLVED
in version 21

Partial records - benefits



Partial Records - example

```
SELECT "50100"."timestamp","50100"."Entry No_","50100"."Description","50100"."Description 2","50100"."Amount","50100"."Amount 2","50100"."Amount 3","50100"."Amount 4","50100"."Amount 5","50100"."Start Date","50100"."Color","50100"."Color 2","50100"."Color 3","50100"."Car No_","50100"."Car No _ 2","50100"."Car No_ 3","50100"."Car No_ 4","50100"."Car No_ 5","50100_e7"."End Date","50100"."$systemId","50100"."$systemCreatedAt","50100"."$systemCreatedBy","50100"."$systemModifiedAt","50100"."$systemModifiedBy" FROM "CRONUS".dbo."CRONUS Danmark A_S$Demo$4f09c3af-fe51-4b4d-ade3-f2aee1c28a06" "50100" WITH(READUNCOMMITTED) JOIN "CRONUS".dbo."CRONUS Danmark A_S$Demo$66122ea4-ae42-4836-88d1-aa3a3e123a8e" "50100_e7" WITH(READUNCOMMITTED) ON ("50100"."Entry No_" = "50100_e7"."Entry No_") WHERE ("50100"."Car No_"=@0) ORDER BY "Entry No_" ASC OPTION(FAST 50)
```


Partial Records - example

```
SELECT "50100"."timestamp","50100"."Entry No_","50100"."Amount","50100"."Start Date","50100"."Car No_","50100"."$systemId","50100"."$systemCreatedAt","50100"."$systemCreatedBy","50100"."$systemModifiedAt","50100"."$systemModifiedBy" FROM "CRONUS".dbo."CRONUS Danmark A_S$Demo$4f09c3af-f  
e51-4b4d-ade3-f2aee1c28a06" "50100" WITH(READUNCOMMITTED) WHERE ("50100"."Car No_"=@0) ORDER BY "Entry No_" ASC OPTION(FAST 50)
```


JUST IN TIME



Covering index (included columns)

- „When an index contains all the columns needed to satisfy a query, it is called a *covering* index.”
- Data on leaf nodes of the index

```
SELECT Description, Description2  
FROM Item  
WHERE ItemNo = '1000'  
ORDER BY LastModifiedDate
```

Optimal index:

(ItemNo, LastModifiedDate, Description, Description2)

Optimal seek

No need to sort

Covering – no need to lookup

Covering index (included columns)

keys

{

// Before

key(K1; ItemNo, LastModifiedDate, Description, Description2) { }

// After

key(K2; ItemNo, LastModifiedDate)

{

IncludedFields = Description, Description2;

}

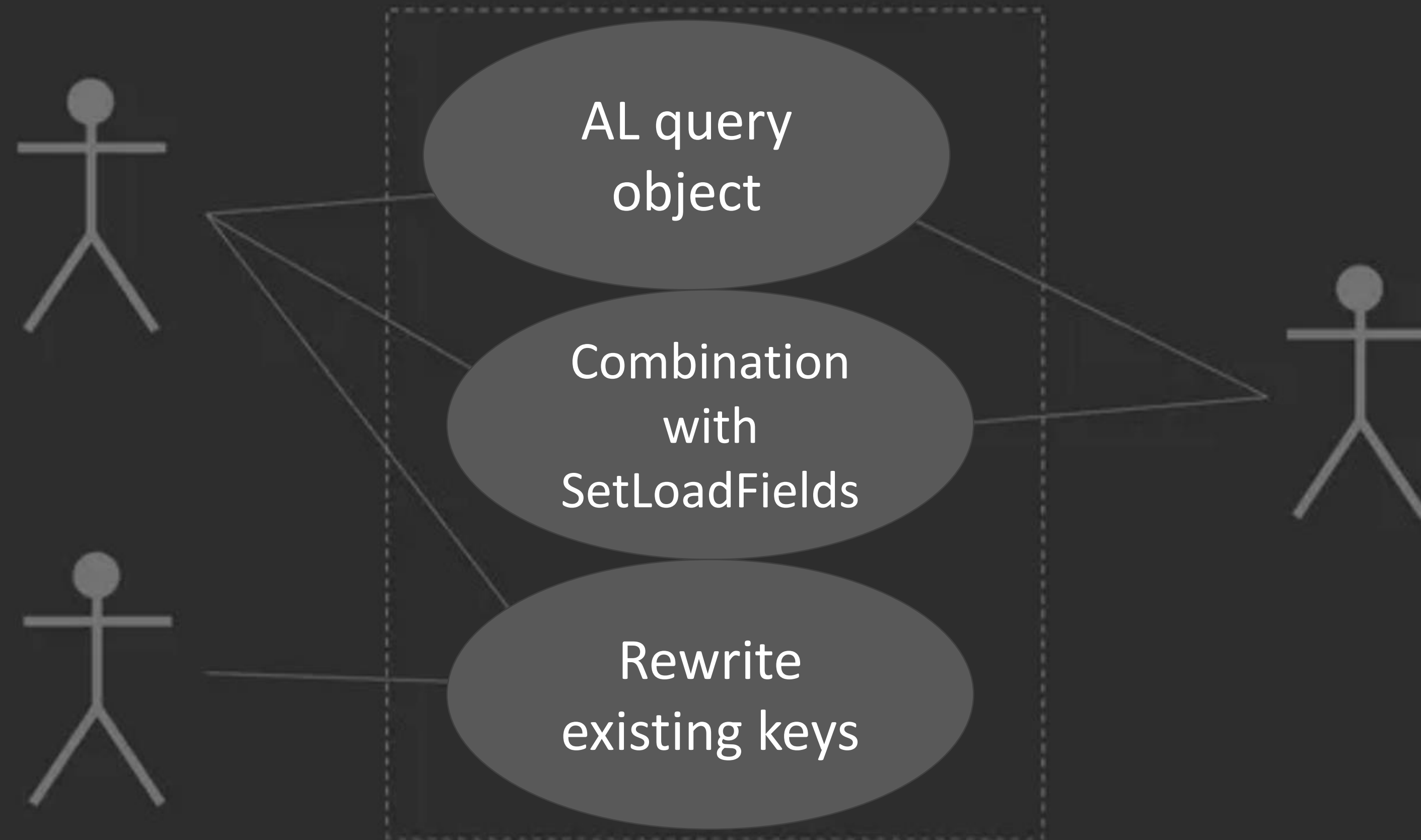
}

Why not put the included columns in the index keys?

- Storage cost
- Data type limits
- SQL Server limits



Use Case



Index + View = ?

Indexed View

- First index must be unique clustered index
- Stores the data
- Data is updated automatically
- Can supply data in a query

Consideration



- Inserts, modifies and deletes query performance can degrade a lot
- Frequently updated data
- Performance gains vs costs

SIFT

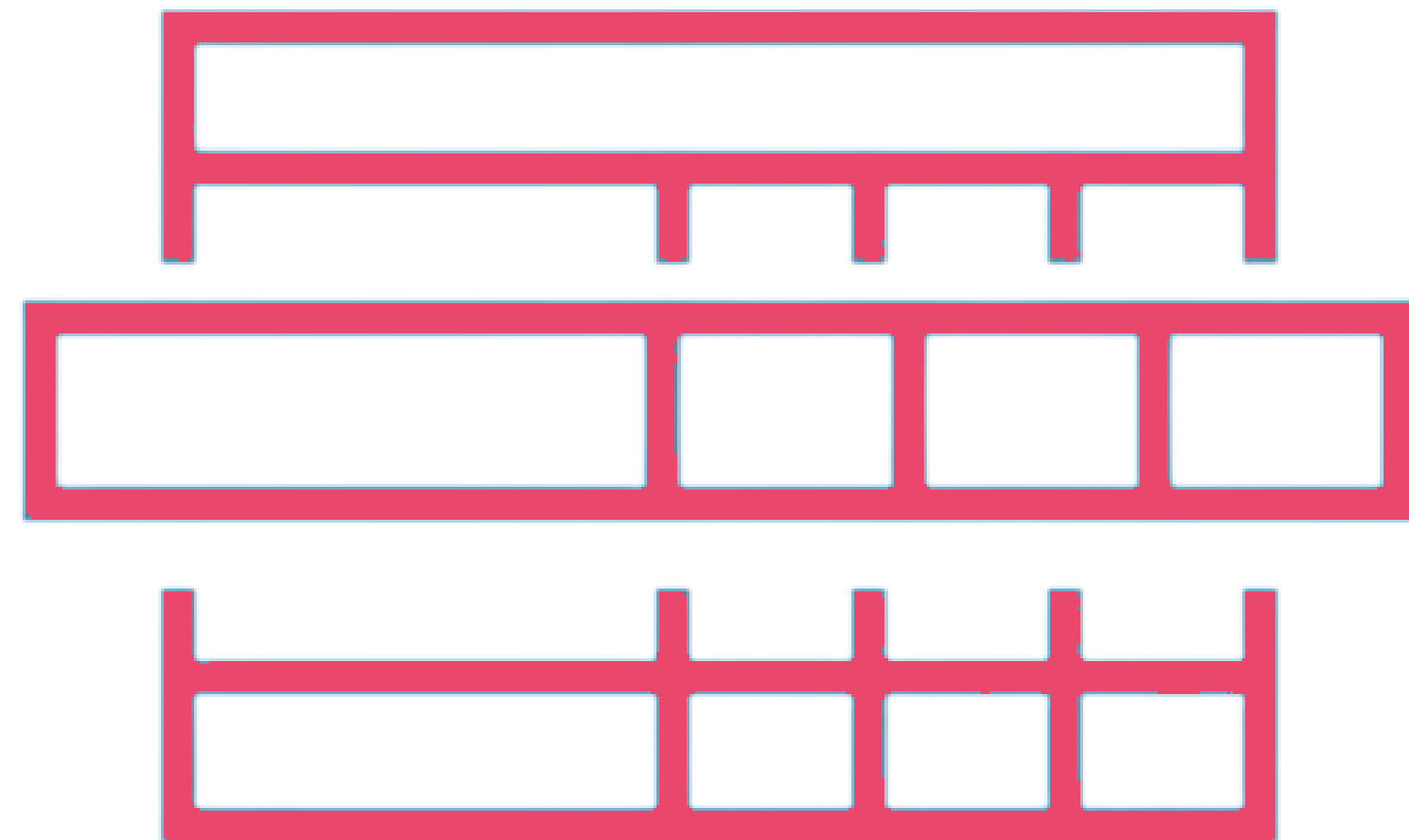
- Quickly calculate sums of numeric data
- Optimize performance of FlowFields
- Indexed Views are used to maintain SIFT

```
keys
{
    key(Key1; "Transaction No.")
    {
    }
    key(Key2; "Card Code", "Posting Date")
    {
        SumIndexFields = Points, "Remaining Points";
        MaintainSiftIndex = true;
    }
}
```


Consideration

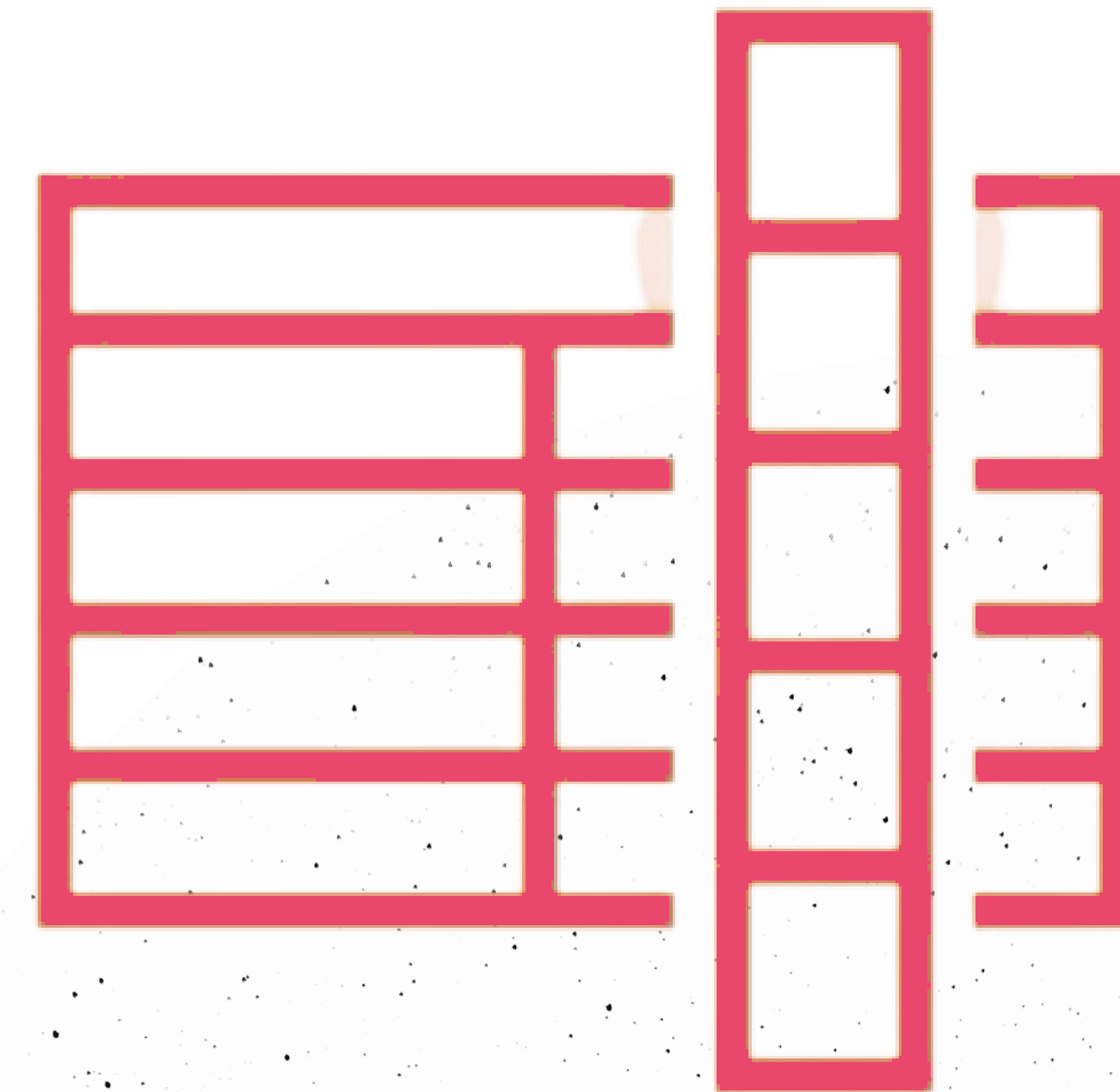


- Designing SIFT indexes optimally
- Only for large tables
- Supporting too many SIFT indexes will affect performance
- The fields that are used most regularly in queries must be positioned to the left in the index.



RowStore

All rows stored on pages

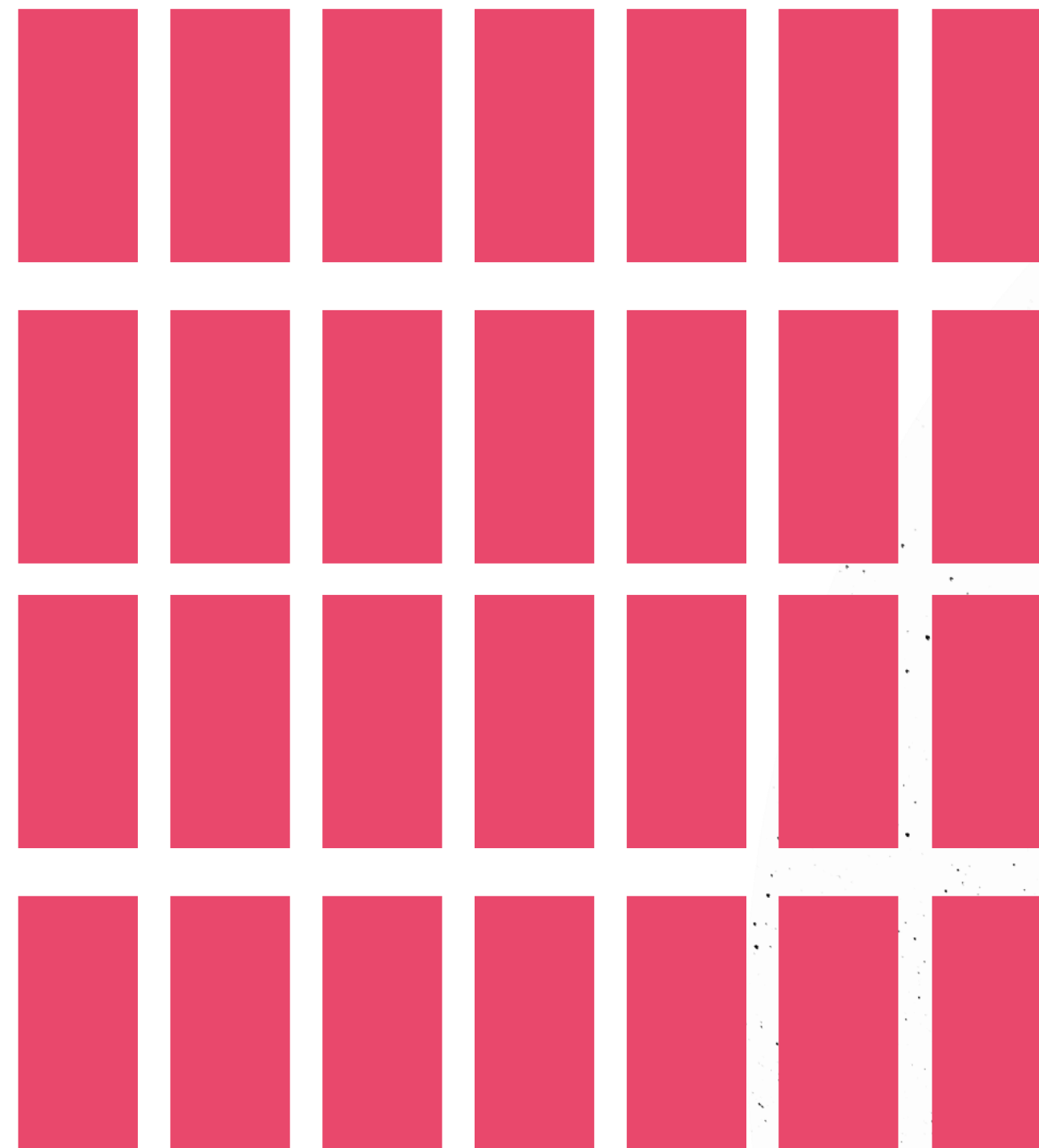


Columnstore

Specific columns stored in segments

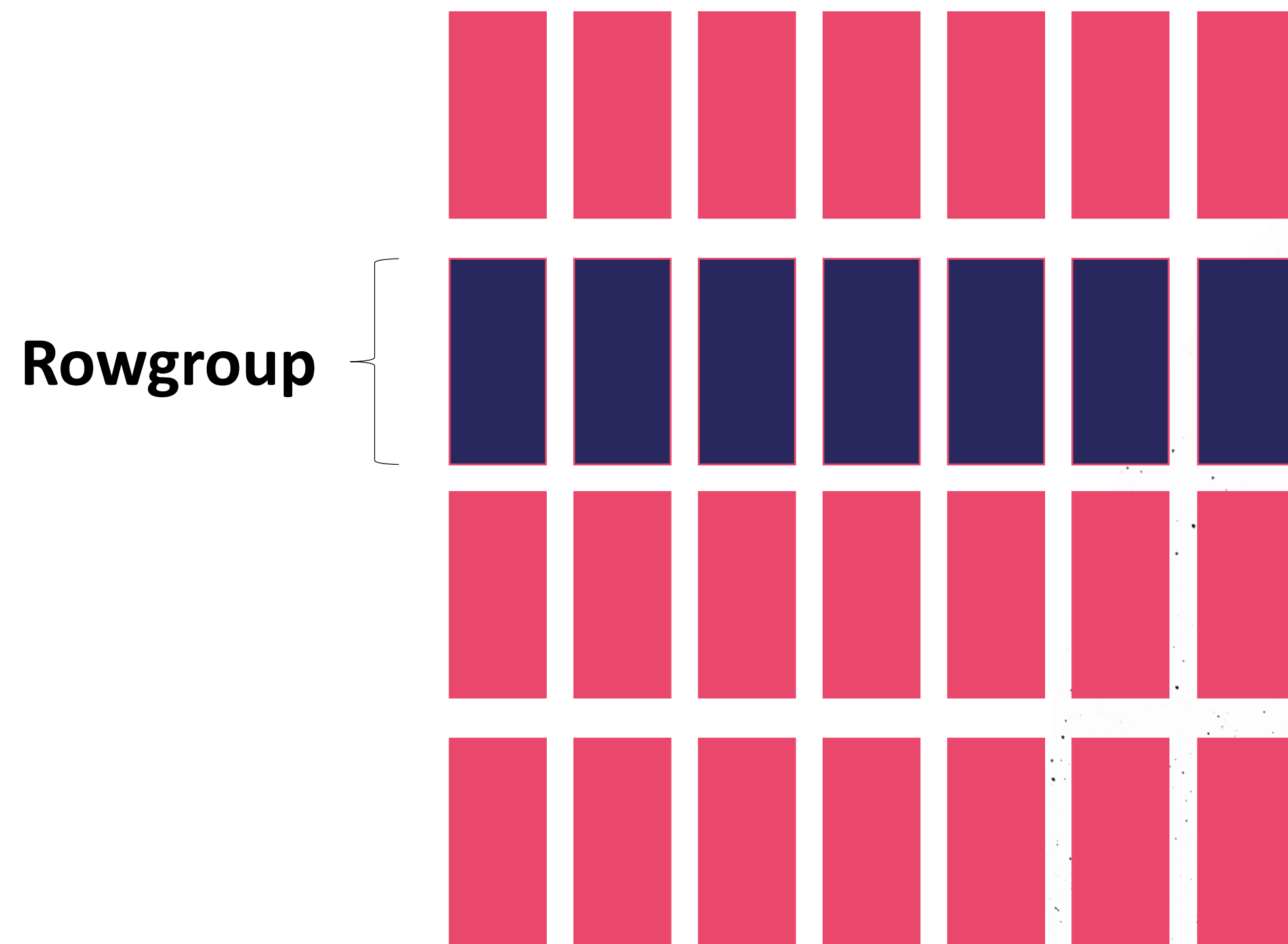
Columnstore indexes

- It is fast
- Allows advanced compression
- Provides segment elimination
- Batch mode processing



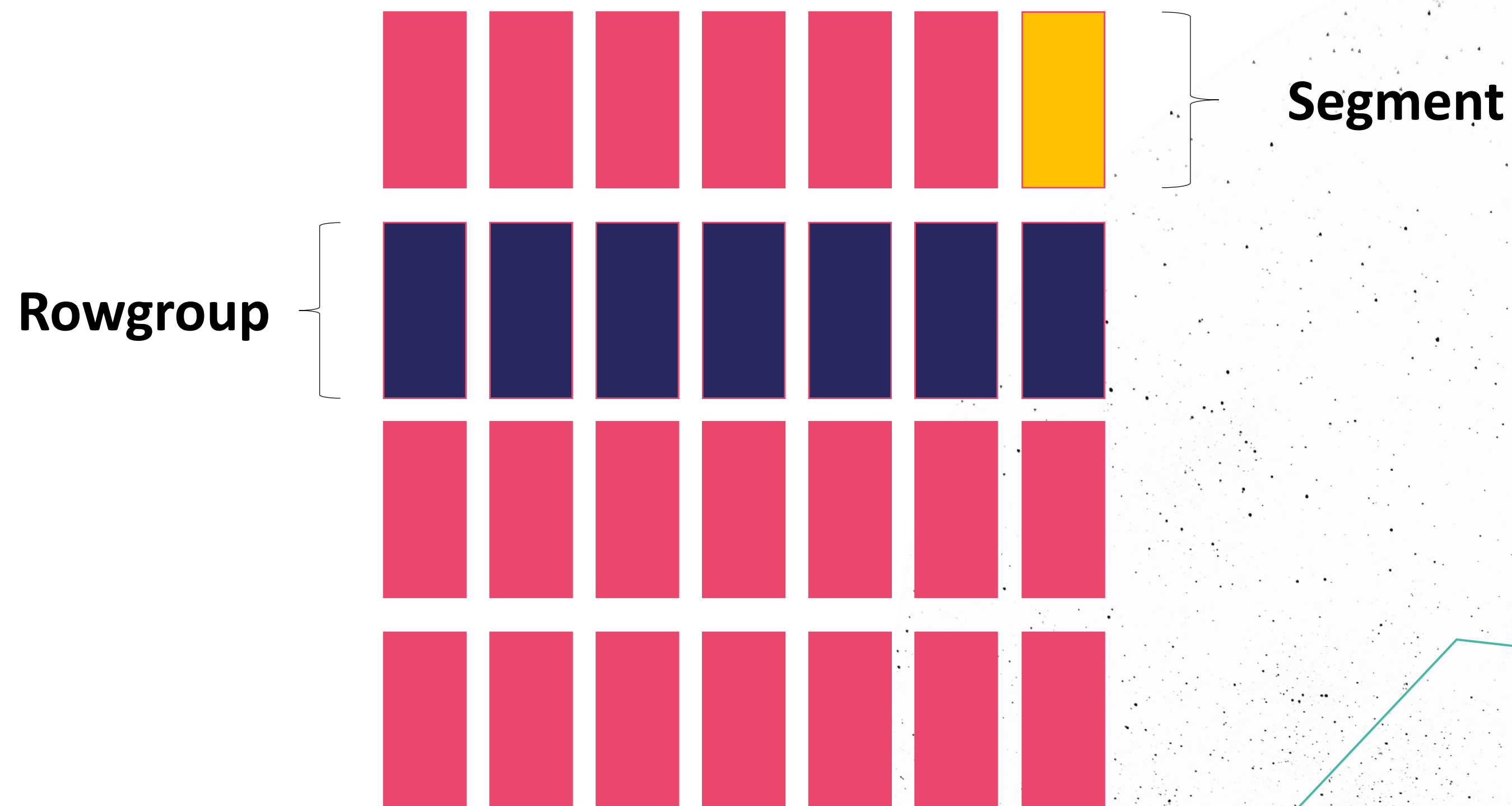
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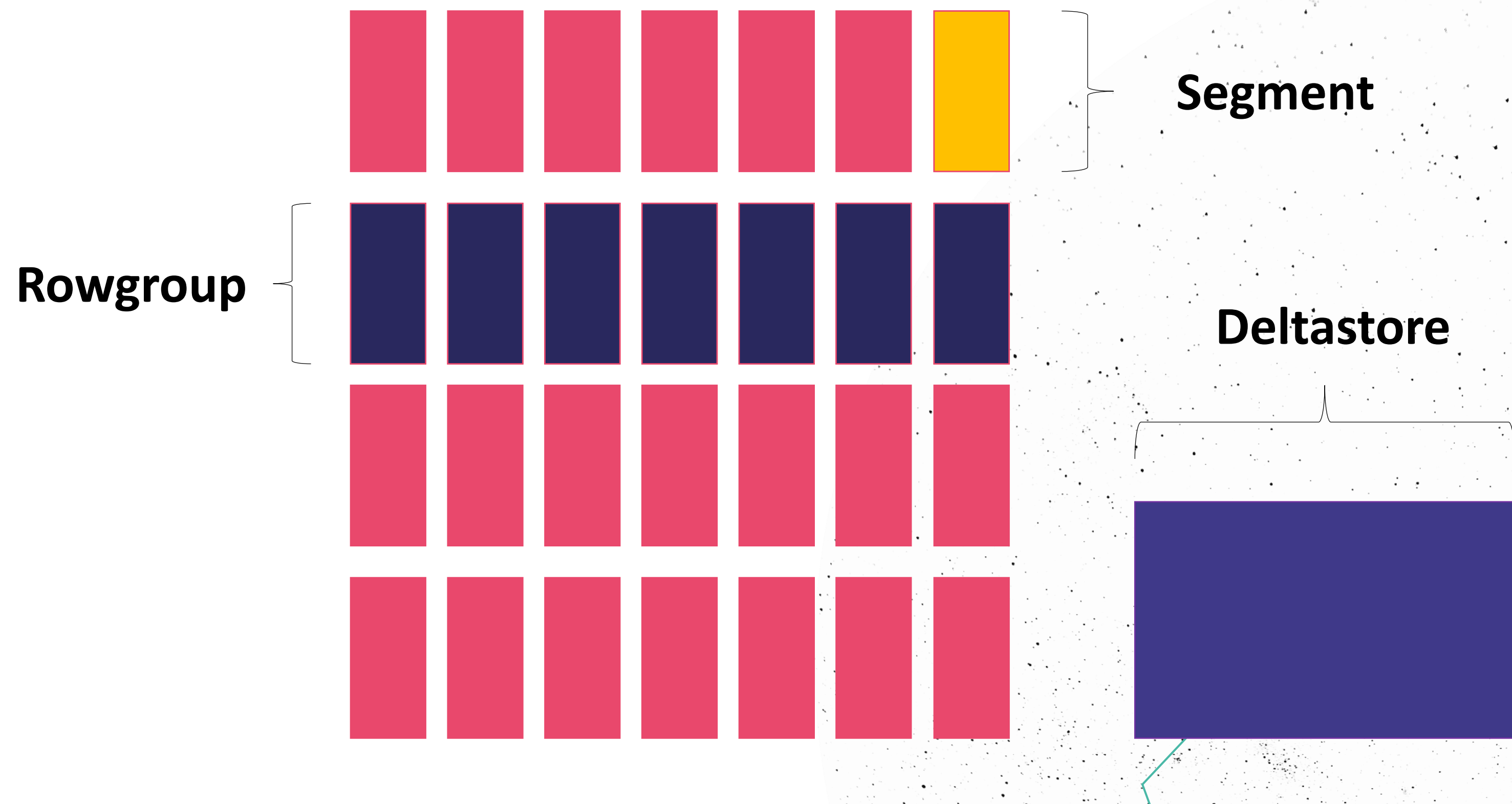
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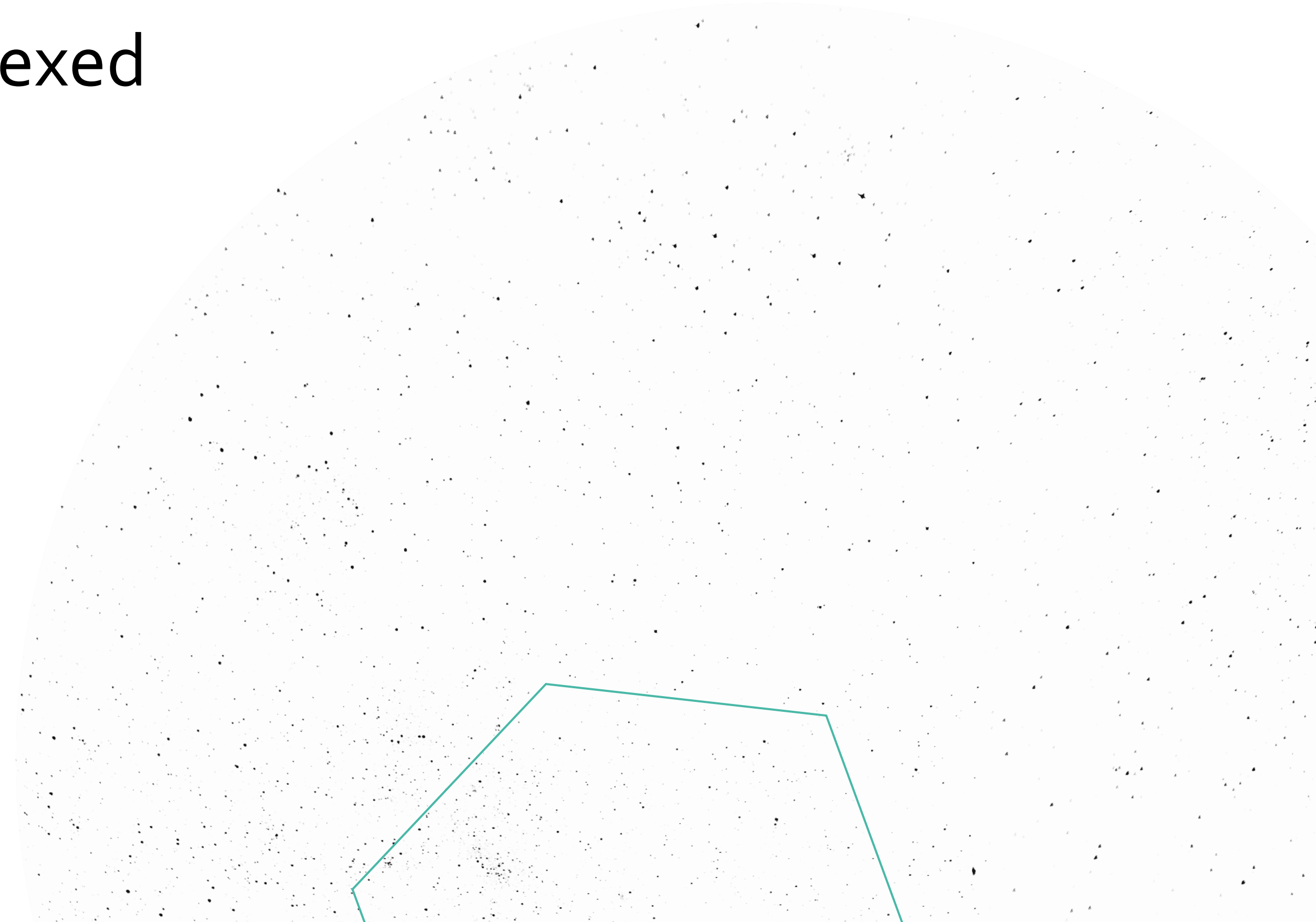
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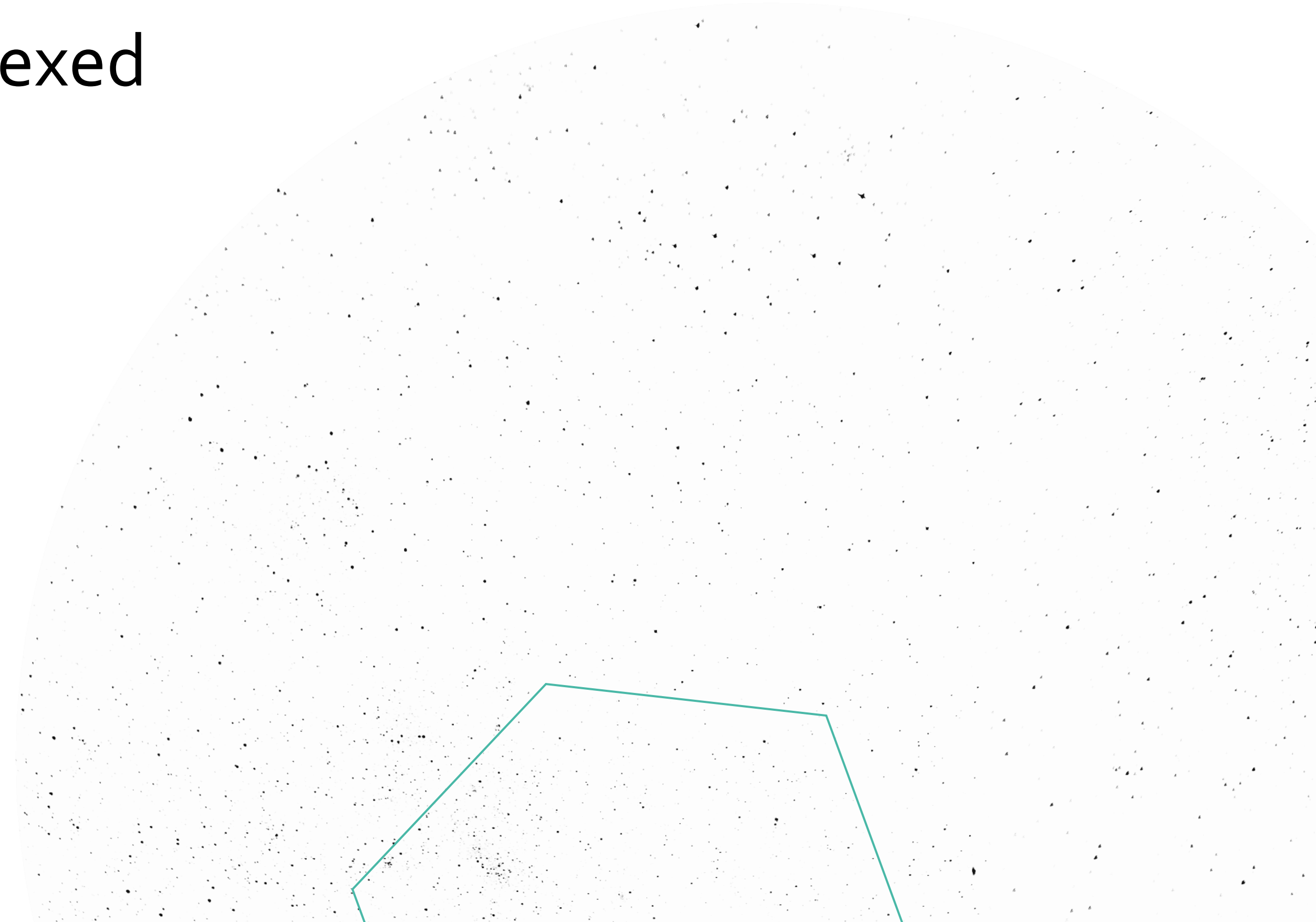
Non-clustered columnstore indexes

- In-memory
- Optimized for analytics
- Highly compressed
- Reduced locking compared to SIFT indexed




Non-clustered columnstore indexes

- In-memory
- Optimized for analytics
- Highly compressed
- Reduced locking compared to SIFT indexed
- For large tables



Consideration

- 
- Do you need NCCI at all?
 - Which fields do you need to index?
 - Can you disable some or all SIFT indexes and just use an NCCI?

Migrate SIFT to NCCI

- Why?
- How?

```
table 50100 Student
{
    DataClassification = CustomerContent;
    // Defines NCCI to replace the SIFT keys
    ColumnStoreIndex = Code,FirstNames,ECTSPoints,NumberOfCourses;
```


Data compression

Two types:

- Row-level
- Page-level

```
table 50100 "Demo Compression Table"
{
    Caption = 'Demo Compression Table';
    CompressionType = 
        None
        Page
        Row
        Unspecified
}
```

Data compression

Two types:

- Row-level
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```
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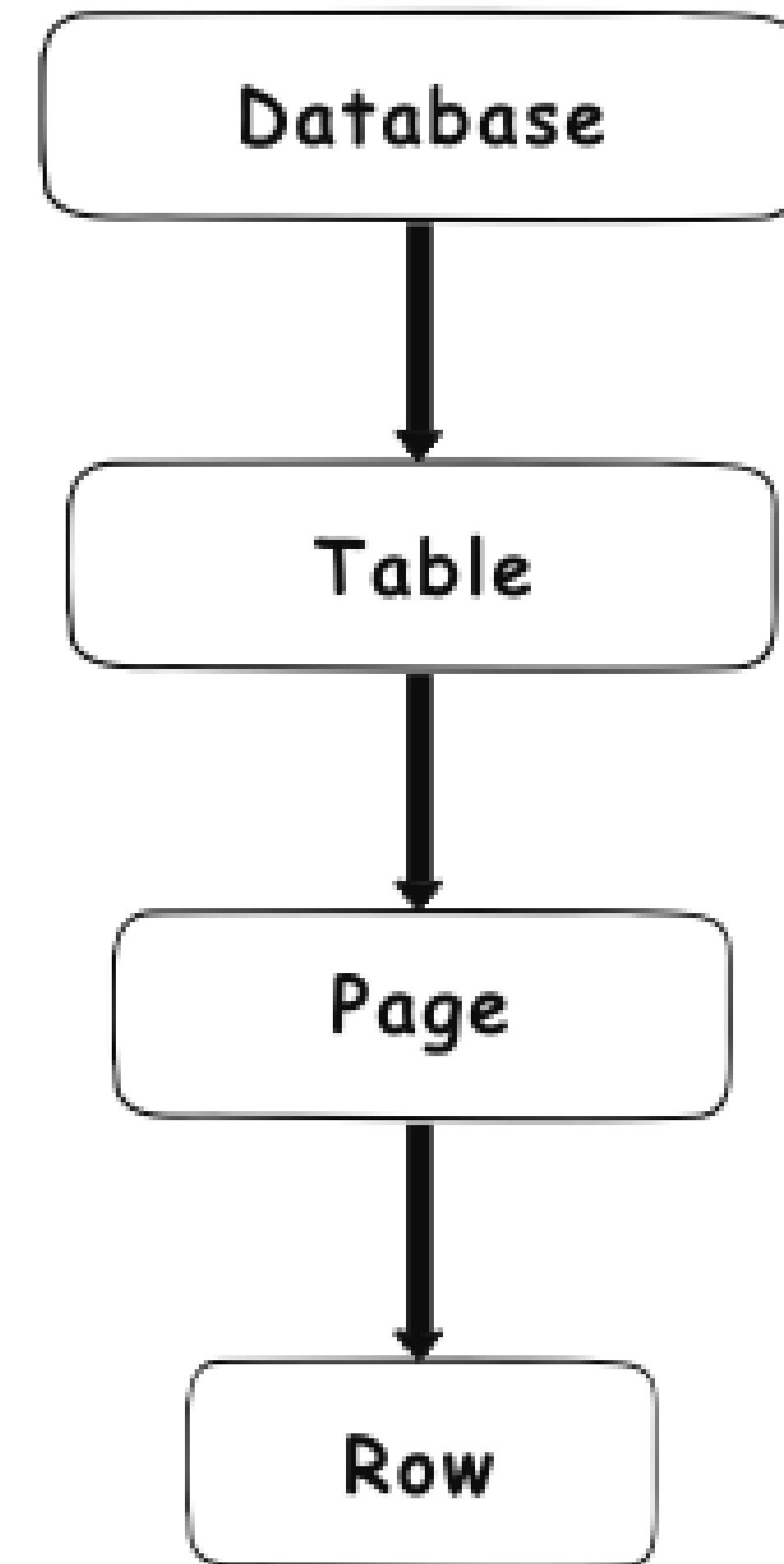

Locks

- Keep transactions as short as possible
- More keys we have, more time is needed on write operations



Locks

- Keep transactions as short as possible
- More keys we have, more time is needed on write operations
- LockTable() in BC



Database Locks



Database Locks

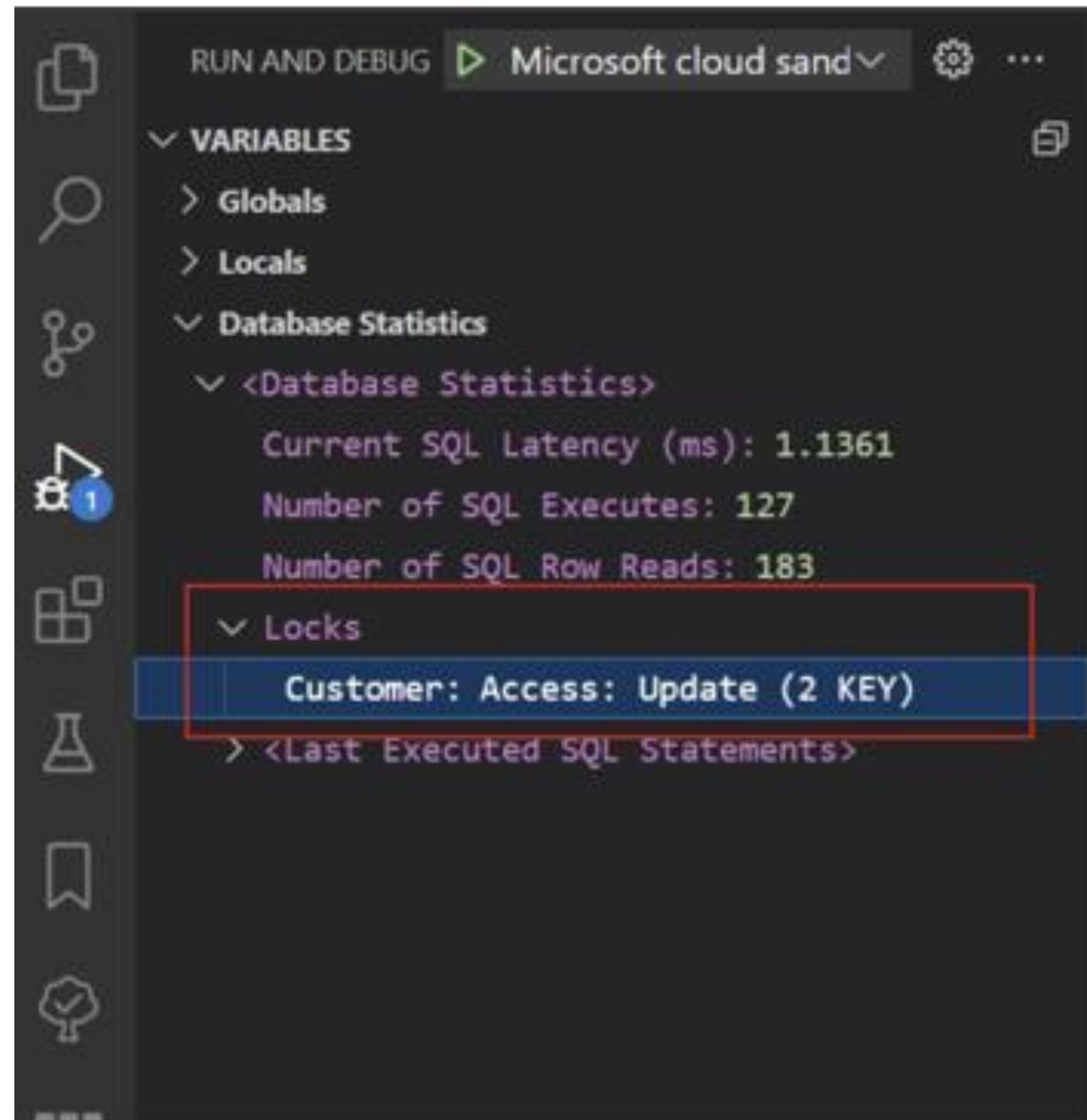


Search



| SQL Session ID | | Table name | SQL Lock Resource Type | SQL Lock Request Mode | SQL Lock Request Status | User Name | Executing AL Object Type | Executing AL Object ID | Executing AL Object Name | Executing AL Method | Executing AL Object Extension Name |
|----------------|---|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 65 | : | Item | KEY | Update | Granted | NP538433 | | 50100 | Item Ext. | TriggerLock - OnAction | TechDaysDemo |
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New feature



Database wait statistics

- sys.dm_os_wait_stats
- Resource waits, Queue waits, External waits

← Database Wait Statistics

Search Emit telemetry

This page shows a snapshot of wait time statistics on the tenant database. The statistics are aggregated since the time that the database was started and the different wait types are also aggregated into wait categories (see the documentation for the SQL Server dynamic management view sys.query_store_wait_stats for more information). See the documentation for system dynamic management views sys.dm_db_wait_stats (Azure SQL database) or sys.dm_os_wait_stats (SQL Server) for more information on wait statistics.

| Wait Category ↑ | Waiting Tasks Count | Wait Time in ms | Max Wait Time in ms | Signal Wait Time in ms | Database start time |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Buffer IO | 127263 | 832039 | 348 | 75592 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Buffer Latch | 3562 | 168 | 18 | 158 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| CPU | 203999 | 52788 | 778 | 52624 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Idle | 5866112 | 290963040 | 120021 | 50441502 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Latch | 6 | 37 | 37 | 0 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Lock | 50 | 10719 | 972 | 22 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Memory | 49936 | 22489 | 194 | 21099 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Network IO | 3420 | 660 | 113 | 76 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Other | 6002401 | 4708887083 | 22990871 | 25467163 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Other Disk IO | 102328 | 697984 | 267 | 99577 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Preemptive | 107408 | 414390 | 655 | 0 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Service Broker | 12278 | 13023961 | 10015 | 71 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| SQL CLR | 6 | 47 | 22 | 0 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Tracing | 5 | 208 | 140 | 3 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
| Tran Log IO | 987 | 3104 | 105 | 373 | 9/11/2022 4:05 AM |
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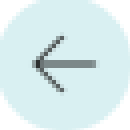



Search Emit telemetry





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Missing indexes

- `sys.dm_db_missing_index_details`

 Database Missing Indexes   

 Search   

This page shows indexes that the SQL query optimizer suggests are added to the database. See the SQL documentation on `sys.dm_db_missing_index_details` for more information on missing indexes.

| Table Name | Extension Id | Index Equality Columns | Index Inequality Columns |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| (There is nothing to show in this view) | | | |


Consideration

- Based on estimates during optimization of a single query
- Suggestion doesn't specify the order for key columns
- No cost-benefit analysis regarding the size on included columns
- Not working for trivial query plans

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Tune nonclustered indexes

- 
- Review the table structure
 - Review existing indexes for overlap
 - Verify if index change is successful

Useful links

- <https://aka.ms/bcperformance>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dynamics365/business-central/dev-itpro/performance/performance-developer>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dynamics365/business-central/dev-itpro/deployment/installation-considerations-for-microsoft-sql-server>



Any Questions?

Thank
You!